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BY THE DUCHESS.

CHAPTER IV.
IN THE ROW.

All yesterday the rain fell heavily. Not in quiet showers, but with a steady downpour that drenched the world, rendering the Park a lonely wilderness, and the Ride deserted.

To-day the sun, as though weary of yesterday's inaction, is out again, going its busy round, and casting his warm beams on rich and poor, simple and wise, alike.

The Row is crowded—filled to overflowing with the gayly-dressed throng that has come out to bask in the glad warmth of the sunshine, and revel in the sense of well-being engendered by the softness and sweetness of the rushing breeze.

"The heaven shows lively art and hue,
Of sundry shapes and colors new,
And laughs upon the earth!"

A faint languor, born of the increasing heat, pervades the air.

But for the gentle wind that dances gayly hither and thither, wooing with its tender touch each thing it passes, the heat would be almost insupportable.

The occupants of the chairs seem drowsily inclined, and answer in soft monosyllables those with energy sufficient left to question them.

One old lady, unmindful of the carriages that pass and repass incessantly, has fallen into a sound and refreshing slumber, made musical by snores low but deep.

The very loungers on the railings have grown silent, as though speech is irksome, and conversation not to be borne, and content themselves with gazing upon the beauty that is carried by them as the tide of fashion ebbs and flows.

A dark green Victoria, exquisitely appointed, and drawn by two bright bay ponies, claims, and not at all unjustly, the very largest share of attention.

Not so much the Victoria, perhaps, as Mrs. Neville, to whom it belongs, and who is now seated in it, with her adopted daughter beside her.

Miss Neville, as usual, is faultlessly attired in some pale fabric, untouched by color of any kind, and is looking more than ordinarily lovely.

Her large dark eyes, blue as the deep czar violet, and tinged with melancholy, are in perfet harmony with the cream-colored hat she wears.

A little suspicion of crimson adorns each cheek. Her lips are parted.

She seems indeed a very phantom of delight.

"A lovely apparition sent—"

not so much to be a moment's ornament as a lasting joy.

"There is Dick Penruddock," said Mrs. Neville, suddenly. "I want to speak to him."

Leaning forward, she says something to her coachman, and presently the carriage is drawn up beside the railings, and, with a smile and a nod, Mrs. Neville beckons the young man to her side.

It is quite a month since that night at the opera, where Penruddock first saw Maud Neville—a month full of growing hopes and disheartening fears.

At first, Mrs. Neville had been averse to the acquaintance altogether, bearing a strange grudge to Dick very nearly Penruddock, as she held it responsible for all the ills that had befallen her beloved sister.

She had scolded Wilding in her harmless fashion as severely as she could scold any one for having brought one of "those people," as she termed them, within her doors, more especially the boy who had succeeded to the property that should by right have belonged to the little Hilda, her dead sister's only child.

But time and Dick Penruddock's charm of manner had conquered prejudice and vague suspicion; and Mrs. Neville, after many days, acknowledged even to herself that she liked the young man—nay, almost *loved* him, in spite of his name and parentage.

Just now he comes gladly up to the side of the Victoria and takes her hand, and beams upon her, and then glances past her to accept with gratitude the slow bow and very faint smile of recognition that Miss Neville is so condescending as to bestow upon him.

"Such a chance to see you in this confusion!" says Mrs. Neville, kindly. "And can you come and dine to-night? It is short notice, of course, for such a fashionable boy as *you* are; but I really want you, and you *must* come."

"If you really want me, I shall of course come—your wishes are commands not to be disputed," says Penruddock, after a second's hesitation, wherein he has decided on telling a great fib to the other people with whom he is in duty bound to pass his evening. "But your dance—"

"Is later on—yes. But I have two or three old friends coming to dine, and they are very charming, of course, and I quite love them, you will understand; but old friends, as a rule, are just the least little bit tedious sometimes, don't you think? And I want you to help me with them. I may depend upon you?"

"You may, indeed."

"Ah, so Maud said," said Mrs. Neville, with a faint sigh of relief.

To know that this pleasant boy will be on the spot to make conversation and carry it on when her own powers fail is an inexpressible comfort to her.

"Did Miss Neville say that? I did not dare to believe that she had so good an opinion of me. To be considered worthy of trust is a very great compliment indeed," says Dick, glancing past Mrs. Neville again, to gaze somewhat wistfully at the owner of the cream-colored hat.

But she, beyond the first slight recognition and somewhat haughty inclination of her small head, has taken not the slightest notice of him.

She has even turned her head away, and is apparently lost in contemplation of the brilliant and constantly increasing crowd around her.

"Have you seen the princess, Miss Neville?" asks Penruddock at length, in despair, filled with a sudden determination to make her speak, and to compel her large, thoughtful eyes to meet his own, if only for a single instant. "Rather nice, her ponies, don't you think?"

"Not so highly bred as Mrs. Cabbe's, nor so perfect in any way," returns Miss Neville, unsympathetically, letting her eyes rest on him for a very brief moment, and making him a present of a grave, pleasant, but cold little smile.

After which she turns her head away again, as though desirous of dropping out of the conversation.

Penruddock is piqued, almost angry. Already he has learned the value of position, money, the world's adulation; yet this girl alone treats him with open coldness and something that borders on positive avoidance, though she herself is utterly without position, and only indebted to the popularity Mrs. Neville enjoys with both sexes for her admittance into society.

Two or three men coming up to the Victoria at this moment stay to speak to its occupants, and to all Miss Neville gives the same cold greeting, the same frigid, but undeniably entrancing, smile.

Perhaps her somewhat insolent indifference is her chief charm; or it may be that it lies in the half-mournful dignity expressive of an everlasting if silent regret that marks her every glance and movement.

A tall, dark man, pushing his way through the others, makes his bow to Mrs. Neville, and then raises his hat deferentially to the beauty of the hour.

Maud acknowledges his presence with a salutation that is certainly somewhat colder than those accorded to the others to-day.

"How full the Row is this afternoon!" says Mrs. Neville, genially, who has made the same remark to all the others straight through.

"Is it?" says Captain Saumarez, the new-comer. "Really, I dare say; but once I had caught sight of your unapproachable ponies I could see nothing else. It seems too much luck to meet you this afternoon with the certainty of meeting you again this evening. Thanks so much for the card! May I venture to hope for one dance to-night, Miss Neville?—or do I, as usual, ask too late?"

"Quite too late. Every dance is promised."

She barely looks at him as she speaks.

"What all, *all*? I am indeed unfortunate—there is no denying that! Is there nobody you could throw over to give me even one poor dance?"

"I never throw over my partners," says Miss Neville, distinctly; "my conscience is opposed to that, and will not allow me to break my word—once given."

"Yet I think—short as is our acquaintance—I remember one partner ignominiously consigned to the background for no particular reason," replies he, meaningly.

"Do you?" innocently. "My memory is not my strong point, so I shall not discuss the subject. But"—with a flash from the violet eyes—"I think I may take upon myself to say that you are wrong when you say there was no 'particular reason' for my so acting."

"Unless caprice be a reason," retorts he, saying it in quite a low tone.

"I do not understand you," says Miss Neville, with some laughtiness of look and manner; "nor do I desire to do so."

"'Tis folly to remember,'" quotes he from a song she herself is in the habit of singing, and with a short, unmirthful laugh. "You are right. To encourage forgetfulness should be one of our greatest aims. But to return to our first discussion. I am indeed the unappiest of men. Is there no hope that you will change your mind, and let me live in the expectation of being favored with one waltz?"

"I can offer you no such hope," returns she, with so much pointed decision in her voice and expression that Saumarez, turning sharply on his heel, takes off his hat with a frowning bow and a somewhat vindictive glance, and next the minute has disappeared among the crowd.

There is a slight but perceptible pause after he has gone. The other men have melted away before this, and only Penruddock remains.

"I hardly think I shall stay on for your dance," he says, presently, with some hesitation, looking disappointed, and speaking in a very dejected tone.

That little bit of information just given by Miss Neville to the effect that all her dances were disposed of has checked his ardor for the Audley Street "small and early," and has, in fact, reduced him to a state that borders on despair.

About a week ago, Miss Neville had almost promised him a waltz as to this particular dance, but doubtless she has by this time forgotten all about such a promise, and has given the waltz in question to some more favored individual.

"My dear child, why not?" asks Mrs. Neville, kindly, struck by the sudden melancholy of his appearance. "I do hope, my dear Dick, you are not given to moping. So many young men mope nowadays. I believe they call it by a finer name, but it really comes to the same thing. Now, why won't you stay on for my dance to-night?"

"It sounds rude, and it is rude," confesses Mr. Penruddock, with some contrition; "but the fact is, I know I shouldn't enjoy it—I—couldn't stand it," says Dick, with a reproachful glance at Beauty, who sits apparently careless and unmoved, looking before her.

But at this moment Miss Neville sees fit to join in the conversation.

She turns her head slowly, and letting her handsome eyes meet Penruddock's, chains him to the spot by the very power of her beauty.

"Then I suppose I am at liberty to give away that third waltz that I promised you at Lady Ryecroft's?" she asks, slowly, without removing her gaze.

"You remember it? I thought perhaps you had forgotten," says Penruddock, eagerly. "No, do not give it away. Dear Mrs. Neville, do not think me unstable, or fickle, or anything that way, but the fact is, nothing on earth should keep me from your dance to-night."

He flushes a dark red, laughs a little, raises his hat, and, as though unable longer to endure the rather mischievous smile in Miss Neville's blue eyes, beats a hasty retreat.

"He is a dear boy,—quite charming," says Mrs. Neville, who is feeling puzzled, "but certainly a little vague. So very unlike his father, who was the most unpleasantly matter-of-fact person I ever met. What were you saying to Captain Saumarez, Maudie? I saw that you were talking to him, but you did not seem very genial, either of you."

"He is very distasteful to me," says Maud, quickly. "I don't know what it is auntie, but I feel a horror—a hatred of that man. His manner toward me is insolent to a degree. It is as though he would compel me, against my will, to be civil to him, and I never shall!" concludes Miss Neville, between her little white, even teeth.

"I don't think I care much about him myself," says Mrs. Neville. "He always seems to me to be something of an adventurer; and, besides, he is a friend of all the Penruddocks, and, except Dick, I never liked any of them. Not that he is much of a friend there either, as he never speaks of them, and even if drawn into conversation about Dick's father, as a rule says something disparaging. But he has money, and is received everywhere, and I really think, my dear child, he is very devoted to you."

"Oh, do not pray, try to make him even more detestable in my sight than he is already," says Maud, with a shiver that may mean disgust.

"Oh, no! Of course I meant nothing. And he is the last man that I should care to see you married to. But some time you must make a selection—you can but know that—and I am always thinking for you, indeed I am. Dick Penruddock is very much in love with you, I really believe, though you always deny it."

"I deny it because I think he is not. I hope with all my heart and soul that he is not," says Maud, with sudden and unlooked-for energy.

All the color hasfled from her cheeks, and her lips tremble slightly.

"Well, my dear, perhaps so. I own I am stupid," says Mrs. Neville, who, though the best and kindest of women, is certainly in no danger of setting the Thames on fire with her cleverness. "Though I can't see why you should dislike the idea so much. He is quite charming in my opinion, and *so* handsome! Then there is Lord Stretton; you can't tell me that *he* does not adore the very ground you walk on!"

"Oh, Stretton!" says Miss Neville, disdainfully.

"But, my dearest, you *must* marry some one!" says her "auntie," in an aggrieved tone. "Dick, as I say, is all that one could possibly desire; but Stretton has a title, and that always counts. As that dear man in 'Punch,' said some time ago, 'Beauty and goodness may fade and pall, but a title *lasts*.' There is certainly a very great deal of sense in that remark, and it *is* nice to have a duke for a brother-in-law."

"I don't think Wolfhampton would be nice as a brother-in-law were he fifty times a duke," says Maud, with a curl of her short upper lip.

"He might be improved on, certainly; I don't dispute that," Mrs. Neville admits, sadly. "His manners are positively distressing, so redolent of the stable; and his nose is out of all proportion."

"It is so like Lord Stretton's that no one could possibly know one from the other," says Maud, willfully.

Mrs. Neville sighs. The case is beyond argument. It is indeed only too true that Lord Stretton's proboscis bears a painful resemblance to his brother's.

Dick Penruddock is, of course, in many ways far preferable," she says, presently, shifting ground. "He is quite as rich, and is younger, and has prettier manners. But, then, you say you object to Dick also."

"No, I don't object to Mr. Penruddock," says the girl, with a soft, slow blush; "that is not it. You mistake me, Mimi. (This is the pet name she gave to Mrs. Neville when a child.) "I only mean that I shall never marry."

"But why—*why*?" impatiently.

"Can *you* ask me that?" returns she, with a glance full of the liveliest reproach.

"But the thing is not a secret—all the world knows how I adopted you, and that you are the daughter of some poor mechanic, dead before I ever saw you. But they know, too, that you are the most beautiful and the most charming girl in the town! Yes, you *are*!" in answer to a deprecating shake of Miss Neville's head, "and if these men love you, and choose to overlook such a little fault, why, then, I can not see—"

"A *little* fault!" repeats she sadly. Then, with a touch of pride, "Nay, it is no fault at all, but it is a great misfortune; and though Stretton—or—or Mr. Penruddock may, perhaps, foolishly wish to marry me, do you honestly believe their families would receive me with open arms? Do you think it at all likely that Dick's father would be glad to see him married to a girl without a name? It is impossible, Mimi!"

"I know not what they might think or say, but I know that if he were my son I would gladly see him married to you," says Mimi, maintaining her cause stoutly.

"That is because you love me, and because you are different from all the rest of the world," says the girl, gently, looking at her through a soft mist, that dims the beauty of her eyes, and is born of tenderness, and gratitude, and deep affection.

At this moment the carriage draws up at their halldoor, and, alighting, they pass into the house.

CHAPTER V.
AFTER THE DANCE.

It is many hours later, and the dance is at its best and gayest. The sound of music and the delicate perfume of dying flowers are in the air.

The rooms are filled, with all that London can afford of its brightest, and highest, and best, and pretty women in toilets almost as desirable as themselves are smiling and waving their fans, and doing all the damage that soft eyes and softer speech are supposed to do.

It is the third waltz, and the band is playing "Mon Reve." In Dick Penruddock's opinion it is the waltz of the evening, as his arm is round Maud Neville, and her perfect head is very near his own.

He is as happy as a man can be who holds all he deems most precious for one moment to his heart, knowing that the next might separate them forever.

Presently they pause to rest, and find themselves near the door of a conservatory.

"Are you tired?" asks he, seeing she sighs, and raises one hand in a half-wearied fashion to smooth back some loose hairs that have wandered across her forehead. "Come in here, and sit down for a little while."

He tightens his arm on the hand resting upon it, and moves toward the cool retreat before them.

"If you wish it," replies she, uncertainly, and with some slight hesitation in her manner.

Yet she goes with him into the dimly lighted conservatory, where a little fountain is plashing, sending forth a cold, sweet music of its own, and where green leaves are glistening calmly beneath the beams of the subdued lamps.

The time—the hour—the very drip, drip of the fountain—all bespeak loneliness; and to feel one's self alone with a beloved object, as a rule, kills wisdom.

Penruddock, who all day long has been enduring suspense, and an uncertainty that borders on hope, suddenly loses his head. Laying his hand on Maud's, he bends down to her, and whispers something in a soft, impassioned voice.

The girl appears neither startled nor surprised, and when she speaks, her tone, though perhaps a shade slower than usual, is firmer than ever.

Only she changes color, and grows pale until her very lips are bloodless.

"You speak without thought or reflection," she says, gently. "You have considered nothing. No, no; do not interrupt me! I am sorry this has occurred; but there is no reason why we should not forget what you have just said, and be good friends as we were before."

"There *is* a reason, and a strong one," returns he, very quietly now; "and as to our being mere friends, that is quite out of the question. Do you imagine me an impulsive boy to say a thing one moment and regret it the next? I have dared to say to-night what I have wanted to say for many days. And I must have my answer now."

"And my birth—have you forgotten that?" demanded she, looking at him fixedly.

"I have forgotten nothing. But to me it makes no difference. Princess or peasant, how can it matter? I love you. Darling," said the young man, very earnestly, taking both her hands, and holding them closely, "I implore you to believe in my love! Take time for reflection—consider well. I entreat you to give me no hurried answer."

"I do not hurry," returns she, in a strange tone. "I will not even argue with you. Let us say no more about it; and please let my hands go, Mr. Penruddock. I can not marry you—indeed, I can not."

"But why?—at least, tell me that," demands he, desperately, refusing to release her hands. "Maud, answer me! Do you—is it true that you love another better, and that is why you can not care for me?"

"No; that is untrue," replies she with quick pain in voice and eyes. "I love you better than you; which means, of course—" hurriedly, and with a sad little quivering laugh—"that I love *no one*. You will understand me?"

"Only too well," returns he sadly. He lifts her hands, and kisses them separately, in a forlorn, lingering fashion. "And yet there is some talk of Stretton," he says, miserably, his face haggard and unhappy.

"That report is false," she says, slowly.

Then, after a faint hesitation, she raises her head and regards him with earnest attention.

Her eyes are full of unshed tears, and her voice, soft and low, as it always is, trembles a little as she speaks.

"Believe nothing you hear," she says, impassively; "only this—that I shall *never* marry."

Rising, and turning abruptly from him, she moves toward the ball-room, and, standing in the door-way, gazes, without seeing anything, at the swaying crowd before her.

Presently she becomes conscious that two dark eyes are fixed upon her; she turns restlessly, and Captain Saumarez stands at her side.

"Not dancing, Miss Neville?" begins he, lightly. "And all alone, too!" Then, with a change of manner, and throwing some concern into his tone, he says, quietly, "You look overtired. May I take you out of this to one of the smaller rooms beyond, or in here?" pointing to the conservatory she had just quitted.

"Oh, no; not in there!" exclaims she, with some distress. "But I shall be glad to get away for a little while."

Taking his arm, she makes her way slowly through the dancers and the lingerers at the door-way, and presently sinks, with a sigh of relief, into a low chair, in a small room that opens off an ante-chamber.

The music seems so very far away that the noise and confusion could almost be forgotten. Oh, that she could now get rid of her companion, and find herself, if only for one short half hour, alone!

"Something has annoyed you. Can I help you in any way?" says Saumarez, in his gentlest manner.

"You are very good. No; it is nothing. I am only slightly fatigued," returns she, listlessly.

"May I get you something? A glass of wine—some iced water?"

"Thank you—nothing."

Her evident determination not to be friendly, her extreme coldness of voice and gesture, pique him beyond endurance. What has he done to her that this proud girl should treat him with such open disdain?

"I saw you go into that conservatory about ten minutes ago," he says, after a slight pause, some reckless desire to rouse her from her apathy, and bring anger, if he can not summon love, into those beautiful eyes below him, inciting him to this speech. "You seemed greatly disturbed when you came out again. Was that boy rude to you?"

He has certainly gained his point. Miss Neville's blue eyes literally flash with anger.

"That boy?" repeats she, in an impassible tone.

"I am speaking of Penruddock," returns he, with cool persistence. "Was he rude?"

"I hardly know how to answer such a question," says Miss Neville, frigidly. "I never knew until now—to-night—that any man could be rude to me."

"Ah! then I am to understand he did offend?" says Saumarez, insolently, his evil genius at his elbow.

"I was not alluding to Mr. Penruddock—he is incapable of any act of ill breeding; I was alluding to you!" says Maud, in a clear tone, rising as she delivers this retort.

She would have swept by him and left the room, but with a sudden exclamation he seizes her hand, and detains her against her will.

"Stop!" cries he, with some passion. "I have something to say to you, that I have too long withheld, and that you shall hear now or never."

"Then it shall be never!" says the girl, quickly. "I decline to listen to anything you may have to say. Release me, sir; your very touch is hateful to me!"

"Ay, since Penruddock came upon the field. Do you think I am so blind that I can not see how he has gained favor where all others have been treated with studied coldness? Do you think I have not noticed how he—"

"I decline to discuss Mr. Penruddock with you," says Maud, throwing up her head with a gesture full of graceful dignity that might have adorned a queen. "Is he so precious in your sight?" says Saumarez, with a sneer. "And is this new lover prepared to overlook the fact of your humble birth?"

"Take care, sir; do not go too far!" says Maud, her voice vibrating with indignation.

"I don't care how far I go now," declares he, all the evil blood in his heart surging upward to the surface. "I love you, too! Yes; you *shall* listen to me, though it be for the last time," tightening his fingers on her wrist. "I love you, as that boy can *never* love you—with all the strength of a man's deepest devotion!"

"Hush! *your* mention of love is but an insult!" says she, in a withering tone.

"My voice is not so silken as his, no doubt," replies he, driven to madness by her loathing. "Nor do soft words trip so readily from my tongue. But will his love stand the test of time? Will he never regret that he has married one who is—"

He pauses.

"Lowly born."

She supplies the words; speaking them bravely, and not flinching from the stroke.

"Ay, and *basely*," says he, between his teeth.

It is a lie, and he knows it. But at this moment he would have uttered any false thing to lower the pride of the woman whom—strange paradox—he loves, yet hates!

A terrible change passes over Miss Neville's countenance as the words cross his lips.

"No, no; it is not true!" she cries, all her courage forsaking her. "I will not believe it! What can *you* know more than all the others? Ah! is it for this reason I have dreaded you? Have pity, and unsay your words!"

"I do not speak without authority," replies he, quickly, stung again by her admission that she dreads him. "I know all about your birth,"—there is an air of undoubted truth about these words that strikes cold to her heart—"and I tell you again, that you are not only humbly but basely born!"

She shudders violently.

A low cry escapes her, and with the hand that still remains in his covers her face.

At this instant Penruddock, followed by Mr. Wilding (with whom he is earnestly conversing), enters the room. He is unfortunately in time to hear Miss Neville's agonized cry, and to hear Saumarez's last words.

Going up to the latter, he pushes him backward, releasing Maud from his grasp.

"Who has dared to apply such words as 'basely born' to Miss Neville?" he asks, in fiery tones.

"I have said so, and say it again!" says Saumarez, with his usual evil sneer.

"You are a coward!" says Penruddock, losing all command of his temper; and, raising his gloved hand, he strikes him across the face.

There is a second's awful silence; then Saumarez—who has instinctively raised his hand to his cheek, on which a pink line may be traced—says, quietly, turning to Penruddock, "When and where?"

"The sooner the better," says Dick, still white and wild with fury.

Maud, who had shrunk aside, and who is now standing close to Mr. Wilding, says to him, in a nervous whisper, so low as to be almost unintelligible, "What does it all mean?"

"Fighting, I think," says Mr. Wilding, who is a plain-spoken man at times, and given to electrify the judges in court on certain occasions. "They are arranging a duel, unless I am greatly mistaken."

"But it must be prevented!" says Maud, wildly. "Something must be done!"

Going up to Penruddock, she lays her hand upon his arm. "Let me speak, Dick!" she says, in trembling accents.

The word—his Christian name—has unconsciously escaped her; but he has heard it, and proudly, gladly, takes the little hand upon his arm between both his own, as though this unexpected mention of his name had made her his—had been an informal confession of her love.

"There is no need that you should quarrel," she goes on, with lowered eyes and pallid lips. "He is right; he has but spoken the truth. I am lowly born, as all the world knows; though, sir," confronting Saumarez, and gazing full at him with terrible grief and reproach in her glance, "it has yet to be proved how you came to use that word 'base-ly'!"

"My conduct to you has been unpardonable, madam," says Saumarez, bowing and drawing back, with set lips and a stern expression. "I ask your forgiveness. To your friend, Mr. Penruddock, I shall give every satisfaction necessary—the very *strongest* satisfaction!" concludes he, with a grim smile; after which he bows again, and withdraws.

Miss Neville bursts into tears, and sobs bitterly for a few minutes. Penruddock, with his arm round her, supports her head against his breast for some time unrebuked. Presently, however, she checks her emotion, and drawing away from him wipes the tears from her eyes, sighing heavily.

"You have got your work cut out for you, you know," suggests Mr. Wilding, in a low tone to Dick, who had forgotten everything but Maud's grief.

"I am quite aware of that," mutters Dick. "If you are going to cross to the other side, you will have but very little time to arrange matters before starting."

"There is little to arrange," says Penruddock, absently. "My Cousin George falls in for everything if I come to grief in the encounter."

Then he goes up to Maud, who is still silently crying, and takes her hand again.

"Tell me the truth now," he says. "At this last moment it would be a solace, a comfort to me. That time—a few minutes since, when you called me 'Dick'—your tone, your whole manner thrilled me; it almost caused me to believe that I was not quite indifferent to you. Was that presumption, madness, on my part? Speak, darling!"

He bends his head, and she whispers something in a voice half-broken.

It must have been some word of encouragement, as Penruddock's visage brightens, and his whole manner changes.

"And if I return?" he begins eagerly.

She also interrupts him.

"Oh, you must—you *will* return!" she says, painfully.

"If I do, you will marry me?"

She shakes her head.

Even at this solemn moment her great resolve is not to be broken.

"My dear Penruddock, this is out of all bearing," says Mr. Wilding, who has been engaged in an engrossing examination of a bit of old Chelsea, but now feels it his duty to come to the rescue and deliver Miss Neville from her embarrassment. "Let us discuss what you have got to do."

"That is simple," says Penruddock, with a frown. "If luck stands to me, I shall shoot him through the heart."

"No, no!" says Maud faintly, putting up her hand in quick protest. "To kill him, that would be murder! Do not have his death upon your conscience."

"Would you shrink from me because of that?" asks he wistfully.

"It would be so terrible," she falters.

"Yet, remember, it would be in your cause."

"For that very reason"—earnestly—"I should feel it all the more. And later on, when you had grown cool, it would be to yourself an everlasting regret, and I should be the author of it. Oh, let him live!"

"Well, I dare say I shall," says Penruddock in a curious tone; "for this reason—that I suppose he will kill me."

"He spills balls and sixpenny-bits, and all sorts of bits things, at any number of paces that you like to name," said Mr. Wilding, pleasantly.

Miss Neville shudders, and turns a shade paler even than she has been through all.

"After all, there is not so much in life that one should regret it to any intense degree," says Dick, who takes it rather badly that she objects to his killing Saumarez.

"My dear boy, there you err," says Wilding, briskly. "There is a great deal in life, if you go the proper way to find it, and if you don't expect too much; that is the great secret. Life is a first-class thing in my opinion—nothing like it. I never, you know, fight duels myself—nothing would induce me; but if you *must*, my dear Penruddock, aim low, and cover him well with your eye. I'll see you through it, and stick to you, my dear boy, whatever happens."

"Thanks, old man; I knew quite well that you would not desert me," says Dick gratefully.

"Can nothing be done?" says Maud, clasping her hands. "Oh, Mr. Wilding, do try; surely something may be effected if you will only try!"

"Of course I shall try," says Wilding promptly. "I'll stand to him all through—I have promised that. By Jove! I wouldn't advise that fellow to do anything unfair when I am on the field! And if"—impressively—"anything unfortunate should occur, I'll—"

"Oh, Mr. Wilding, how I hate you!" interrupts Miss Neville, with a sudden burst of wrathful tears. "If no one else will help me," cries she going hurriedly toward the door, "I shall try, at least, what a weak woman can do!"

She opens the door, closes it behind her firmly, and runs upstairs to her own apartments.

[To be Continued.]

Postal Savings Banks.

The plan of the Postoffice savings banks of Great Britain was first suggested in 1860 by Mr. Sykes, Member of Parliament for Huddersfield, England. The suggestion was cordially adopted by Gladstone, then Chancellor of the Exchequer, who brought the matter in the form of a bill before Parliament and warmly advocated its passage. It was passed early in the following year and received the royal assent May 17, 1861, and came into practical operation in the following September. In 1861 the plan became operative in Scotland and Ireland also. The plan has been a success from the beginning, over 367,000 deposit accounts being opened during the first two years, representing an aggregate of £4,702,000, or about $23,510,000. According to the postoffice reports of 1883 there were in the United Kingdom 7,369 postoffice savings banks, with 3,105,642 accounts open at the end of the year, the deposits during the year amounting to £13,575,167, or about $67,-875,835, and the amount standing to credit of all open accounts at the end of the

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, - - - MARCH 26, 1886.

ON Monday last the lower branch of Congress passed the bill granting a pension of $2,000 a year to the widow of General Hancock. The Senate acted promptly and passed it on Tuesday. It only needs the President's signature to become a law.

"HERE lies the body of John M'Lean Hayward, a man who never voted; of such is the kingdom of Heaven." This is the queer epitaph that will be placed on the headstone at the grave of Dr. Hayward, who died at Wayland, Mass., and who prepared his epitaph shortly before he died.

GEN. STONEMAN, the present Democratic Governor of California, has appointed George Hearst as United States Senator, to succeed Gen. John F. Miller, lately deceased. Mr Hearst will hold his seat until the 4th of next March. His successor will be chosen by the Legislature that will be elected next November.

MR. MANNING, Secretary of the Treasury, had an attack of vertigo on Tuesday last, and was conveyed from his office in the Department to his residence in a carriage. This was the first report regarding the matter and since then it is stated that he had a mild apoplectic attack. Whatever was the cause of his sudden prostration, he was a very sick man on Wednesday, and grave apprehensions are felt at Washington in regard to his recovery. Mr. Manning has been a very hard worker since he went to Washington and is now paying the penalty.

JOHN NORRIS of the Philadelphia *Record* who wrote the lengthy article which was published in that paper nearly a month ago in regard to the Soldiers' Orphans' Schools, has accompanied Governor Pattison and Mr. Cassidy in all the visits they made to the schools during last week and the week previous. Mr. Norris is a genuine reformer and a fearless investigator, and his timely article has been the subject of warm commendation by the press throughout the State.

GEORGE PEARSON, of Mercer County, who is Secretary of the Republican State Committee and also Chief Clerk of the House at Harrisburg, has decided not to be a candidate for the former position when the new committe meets after the Republican State Convention has been held. Pearson is connected with Wright and Paul in running the Chester Springs Soldiers' Orphans' School and he has discovered from late developements that the committee will not need his services during the coming campaign.

THIS is a bad year for persons who attach importance to the superstitious prejudice against Friday. It is well known that sailors cannot be persuaded to commence a long or hazardous voyage on that day, but this year the whole calander has conspired to upset the superstition. The year 1886 came in on Friday, and will go out on Friday and will have fifty-three Fridays. Two months of the year come in on Friday and two others go out on Friday. There are five months in the year that have five Fridays The phases of the moon change five times on Friday, and the sun was eclipsed on March 5, which fell on Friday. The longest day in the year and the shortest both fall on a Friday. All these Friday coincidences will enable superstitous persons to explain away calamities, strikes, murders, wars and other remarkable events quite as satisfactorily as the appearance of a new commet.

FRANK HURD, the well known Democratic ex-member of Congress from the Toledo, Ohio, district, who contested the right of Romeis, his Republican opponent, to his seat, has lost his case, the committee on elections in the House having reported in favor of Romeis on Friday last. The vote in the committee stood 8 for Romeis to 6 for Hurd. Mr. Hurd contested the seat upon the ground that the number of fraudulent votes polled for Romeis in Toledo as well as in some of the districts in Lucas county outside of Toledo, exceeded his majority, which was something over 200. It is said that Hurd will attempt to get the House to reverse the committees raport and throw Romeis out, but in this he will fail. The committee is composed of a majority of Democrats and as they have refused to say that Mr. Hurd was elected the Democrats in the House will hardly repudiate their action. Mr. Hurd is a prominent free trader, but is one of the most brilliant and eloquent men in the country, Let him pick his flint and try it over again with Romeis at the next November election.

IN the second volume of his book Mr. Blaine makes a very candid admission in regard to the passage of the Tenure-of-Office act in 1867, when Andrew Johnson was President, and its substantial repeal soon after General Grant's accession to power in 1869. What Mr. Blaine says has a direct application to the present controversy between the Republican majority in the United States Senate under the leadership of the Senator from Vermont, George F. Edmunds, and President Cleveland, touching the constutional right of the latter to make removals from office without furnishing the Senate with the papers upon which the removals have been made. Mr. Blaine says: "casting off all political disguises and personal pretenses, the simple truth remains that the Tenure-of-Office act was enacted lest President Johnson should remove Republican office holders too rapidly, and it was practically repealed lest President Grant should not remove Democratic office holders rapidly enough." The Republican Senators might as well throw off their disguises and admit that they are attempting to deprive Mr. Cleveland of the power they conceded to Grant, Hayes, Garfield and Arthur.

THE Altoona *Tribune* whose editor is intensely fanatical on the temperance question and believes in the exploded doctrine that drunkeness can be abolished by a Constitutional prohibitory amendment, printed on Saturday last, of and concerning the President Judge of the courts of Cambria County and the morals of the people thereof, the following:

When the people of Cambria County elected Robert L. Johnston to preside over their courts they invited the shameful condition of affairs that has befallen them. Perhaps the carnaval of drunkeness and crime which follows the wholesale licensing of rumsellers may bring them to repentance.

What a pity it is that the great moral reformer who presides over the *Tribune* hasn't a wider field in which to ventilate his peculiar notions on the subject of license, as well as to libel whole communities, than the narrow limits of Altoona and the county of Blair. He kindly and considerately suggests in the the same number of his paper from which the above mendacious paragraph is taken, that "The Democratic State Convention ought to nominate Hon. William McMullin for Governor." This stupid slur at the Democrats of the State is eminently characteristic of the *Tribune* and invites a Roland for its Oliver. The Democratic Convention will meet on the 18th of August and the Republicans, it is said, will hold their Convention at an earlier date. If the latter body wants temperance reform and plenty of it as the main issue in the campaign, and will throw General Beaver overboard and then nominate the editor of the *Tribune* as its candidate, it may be possible, if not probable that the Democrats will take him at his word and put up "Bill" McMullin against him as a competitor worthy of his steel. While the result of the contest might be doubtful the race would certainly be interesting and exciting and the universal shout would be "may the devil take the hindmost."

The Johnstown *Tribune* whose editor is familiar with the license question in this county, as well before as since Judge Johnston's election, briefly disposes of the malicious aspersions of its Altoona namesake upon the people of this county and upon their President Judge, as follows:

Judge Johnston's action on the liquor question has at least been guiltless of hypocrisy and double dealing. There never was any question how he stood on license before his election, and even before his nomination. He deceived nobody. If the *Tribune* wasn't blind it could see that the state of affairs in this county is not any different now from what it has been, in proportion to population, for the last decade, and the "carnival of drunkenness and crime" is not greater than it is in Blair county. First take the mote out of your own eyes and then you will be in a condition to speak of your neighbors.

AFTER Governor Pattison and Attorney General Cassidy finished their examination of the Soldiers' Orphans' School at Mercer last week, they proceeded to the School at Dayton in the northern part of Armstrong County. This School was found to be in better condition than any of the others they had visited, but was deficient in some essential particulars. From Dayton the Governor and party returned to Kittanning and from there went by rail to Uniontown, Fayette County, within a few miles of which the Jumonville School is located. This school has been under the management of Rev. A. H. Waters for the last twenty years and seems to be conducted in a manner immeasurably superior to that of the Mt. Joy, McAllisterville and Mercer schools. On Monday the Governor left Harrisburg for the school at Mansfield, Tioga County, and from there would go to the school at Hanford, Susquehanna County, on Wednesday, which is the last school to be examined. A searching inquiry will next be made into the management of the Soldiers' Orphans' School Department at Harrisburg. The testimony taken at the different schools that he has visited will be sent by the Governor to the next Legislature. In the meantime the people will expect Attorney General Cassidy to turn his special attention to Wright, Paul and Gordon, and if they can be crimminally purished either by common or statute law, that he will put the wheels of justice in motion.

THE strike on what is known as Jay Gould's South-western system of railroads running through several States and Territories still continues, and no man can tell how or when it will end. The freight business is almost paralyzed on the Missouri Pacific, the Missouri, Kansas and Texas, the Iron Mountain and Texas and Pacific railways. The Vice President of the roads refuses to confer with Mr. Powderly, who represents the Knights of Labor, the efforts of Governor Martin, of Kansas, and Governor Maraduke, of Missouri, have failed to effect a settlement, the Missouri Pacific declines to treat with any of the striking employees who belong to the Knights of Labor, and the latter announce that they will accept no terms from the Company unless offered to them as members of that organization. This practical suspension of business on these important roads has resulted from the attempt of the Knights of Labor to reinstate one man who, for some reason was discharged at Marshall, Texas. Unless a settlement is reached very soon the strike will spread, and, according to the declaration of a member of the executive committee of the Knights of Labor, every freight train on every road running out of St. Louis and Chicago will be stopped. It is a most reprehenisible state of affairs and a fearful responsibility rests somewhere.

ACCORDING to the report of the secretary of the interior, there are in all—men, women and children—260,000 Indians. They occupy 134,000,000 acres of land. Counting five to a family, there are 52,000 heads of families, or over 2,500 acres to each Indian family. These children of the forest have invested and uninvested funds amounting to $17,000,000, and they own another million of acres of land, on the market, but not yet sold or paid for, and there must still be reckoned, their houses, cattle and crops. Congress annually appropriates for them for support and education from $5,000,000 to $7,000,000. And yet with all this money expended, it is admitted that the present Indian system does not civilize, or educate or Christianize the Indians. Why is this thus?

KNIGHTS OF LABOR AND CHINESE.

We are glad to find in the March number of the *Overland Monthly* of San Francisco an authoritative explanation of the views of the Knights of Labor as to the Chinese labor question, together with a detailed statement of reasons for their hostility to the Chinamen in the United States. The author is Mr. W. W. Stone, a member of the order, and the delegate who not long ago introduced in the California District Assembly resolutions, which were almost unanimously adopted, reciting the evils consequent upon the introduction of such labor, and suggesting radical remedial measures.

It seems that the Knights of Labor in California have made a searching investigation into the industrial situation there as affected by Chinese labor, and that the reports of commitees sent out to gather statistics bearing on the subject have been embodied in a statement which Mr. Stone describes as both exhaustive and entirely trustworthy. It was found that the cost of food for a Chinese laborer is about three dollars a month "when he is not looking after luxuries," and that his rent, clothing and food come to only seven dollars a month. "He works, when he can, in gangs, sleeps his nights through in a dismal den where he 'bunks,' and eats and wears the cheap products of his own land." He has no wife and no family to support, and is willing to endure any hardships during his comparatively brief sojourn here. The American workman, "who looks up a wife as soon as possible," expends fifty dollars a month to the Chinaman's seven, and to keep himself decently he can get along on no less. The Chinaman therefore lowers the rate of wages in every employment into which he enters in competition with the American.

In 1870 a few of the wholesale shoe factories in San Francisco taught some Chinamen to make boots and shoes. Up to that time wages averaged about $20 a week for skilful and rapid workers. Now over 6,000 Chinamen are employed in the trade, getting from $20 to $30 a month, and the wages of white men are from $8 to $13 a week. Mentime, too, Chinamen have become the owners of forty-eight out of the sixty boot and shoe factories in the city, while of the fifty slipper factories, not one is now owned by a white man.

In 1872 the Chinamen began to learn to make cigars. To-day there are 8,000 Chinamen in the trade to 400 white, and wages are only about one-third of what they were in 1870. In the manufacture of clothing 8,000 Chinamen to 1,000 whites are now employed, and the wages of the white worker have declined from $25 a week in 1872 to $15 a week, the Asiatics receiving from $25 to $28 a month. The Chinamen took hold of the manufacture of underwear several years ago, and, by underbidding white seamstresses, they have now obtained almost exclusive control of the industry. And so it is with many other departments of labor, the total number of Chinamen engaged in all being 31,000, who send $8,000,000 annually out of this country.

These Chinamen are divided off into guilds, each guild being controlled by a central and despotic authority, and it is a rare instance when members of guilds are found working in the same shop. Therefore they are organized competitors of the white laborers, with whom they can contend on unequal terms, because of their lower scale of personal expenditure. The power of the Chinese guild was shown last year in the case of a cigar firm of San Francisco, which undertook to get rid of its Chinese workmen and employ only white labor. Instructed by their leaders, the whole force of Chinamen stopped work and went out on strike, and it was this exhibition of their organization which seems to have drawn the attention of the Knights of Labor more especially to the dangers involved in the competition. They felt that they must meet organization with organization, and accordingly called a mass meeting on the first of last October to arouse the workingmen, and to gain public sympathy and encouragement. Between five and six thousand people gathered inside the hall, and outside the street was packed. As the result of that meeting the whole Pacific coast, in Mr. Stone's words, was electrified, and "Los Gatos, Eureka, Mendocino, Truckee, Seattle, and other places began to talk of the advisability of expelling the Chinese."

The ground the Knights of labor take is that the Chinamen here are substantially serfs, and that it is impossible for the free labor to compete with them. "Their success in driving out of the market all white competitors in the several branches of trade," says Mr. Stone, "shows the danger to the perpetuity of our republican form of government arising from a consent on our part to continue the unequal competition." Mr. Powderly, the General Master Workman of the Knights of Labor, expresses his entire agreement with this sentiment, and in a report on the subject of Chinese labor presented by him to the General Assembly declares that "nine-tenths of the people on the Pacific coast, and of the country, in fact, are opposed to the importation of the Chinese under any conditions whatever. The entire order," he concludes, "must act as one man in this movement."

Mr. Powderly makes no defence of the late violent assaults on the Chinamen, saying that "they were not to be blamed; they were but the instruments in the hands of men who sought to degrade American free labor;" but he warns Congress that "nothing short of the enactment of just laws and a full and impartial enforcement of the same will prevent other and far more terrible scenes of blood-shed and destruction."

The Chinese question, it will be seen, is one which inflames the indignation of American labor generally.—*N. Y. Sun.*

Fabulous Prices for Madstones.

The late developement of so many cases of hydrophobia in various parts of the country has made almost invaluable the madstones which have proved efficacious in almost every instance where applied to wounds of persons bitten by mad dogs. A great number of years ago there was found in the woods of Halifax county, this State, a bag of these stones, some of which are now in the possession of Mr. H. A. Lockett, a well-known citizen of Prince George county, who lives a short distance from Petersburg. These stones were found by a man who subsequently became indebted to Mr. Lockett to the amount of about $1200, and having nothing else with which to liquidate the debt, he gave the stones to Mr. Luckett in payment of the same. A small piece of one of these stones brought the fabulous price of $900. They are known to be genuine, and, with the exception of one or two others, are the only ones in the State. Mr. Luckett, on being asked at how high a figure he valued the stones, replied: "They are worth more than the whole of Petersburg."—*Petersburg (Va.) dispatch in New York Sun.*

☞THE Richmond *Dispatch* favors the Blair Educational bill on ground which, at least, is tenable. It says the bill is clearly unconstitutional; but that the Constitution, in so far as it restricts the Federal authority in the States, is mere waste paper. The South ought no longer to refuse a proffered advantage on account of constitutional scruples. The *Dispatch* forgets that the people have twice elected Democratic Presidents since the war.

EX-UNITED STATES SENATOR Gen. John B. Gordon, wants the Democrats of Georgia to nominate him for Governor.

A PEN PICTURE OF PAUL.

A correspondent asks what is the "History of the Soldiers' Orphans' Schools" mentioned in the *The Record* of Friday. About ten years ago Mr. James L. Paul, then a clerk in the Orphans' School Department, and now a member of the "Squeers Syndicate," conceived the brilliant idea of writing a "History of the Soldiers' Orphans' Schools of Pennsylvania." Gibbon relates that the idea of writing his immortal work started in his mind as he "sat musing amidst the ruins of the Capitol, while the barefooted friars were singing vespers in the Temple of Jupiter." As Paul sat at his desk in the Pennsylvania Capitol he mused on the best way in which he could turn the soldiers' orphans to personal account, and the hope of an appropriation inspired him. He had witnessed the liberality with which the Pennsylvania Legislature patronizes literary enterprise, especially when stimulated by a printing ring, and he made his history. The book, containing 500 pages, consists mainly of official lists of the soldiers' orphans, with the dates of their admission and discharge, interspersed with brief descriptiions of the schools.

On the back of the book are the pictures of two of the orphans, a boy and a girl. The girl has a hat in her hand and the boy wears a pair of new shoes, quite different from the samples exhibited at Mt. Joy. The title page bears this quotation from Jeremy Taylor: "God is pleased with no music below so much as the thanksgiving songs of relieved widows, of supported orphans." In his dedication the author says: "I Dedicate this Volume to the Fatherless Children of my Fallen Comrades, as a Token of Esteem for the Living and a Tribute of Remembrance for the Dead." How well he took care of the fatherless children and remembered the dead is witnessed only too vividly in the recent materials of a new History of the Soldiers' Orphans, not written by James L. Paul. For his history Paul applied for and actually obtained from the Legislature an appropriation of $10,000 for an edition of 5000 volumes. At first the Legislature sturdily resisted the demand but buncombe appeals to patriotism finally got the better of its good sense. A more worthless and impudent excuse for book-making than this alleged history could not be imagined. But the appropriation and the services which Paul was capable of rendering as a clerk in the Soldiers' Orphans' School Department enabled him to become a member of the "Squeers Syndicate," with the results already recorded.—*Phil'a Record, March 14.*

Conkling on Cleveland.

Myron Bangs is man of character and position up in the interior of New York. He has banks and is generally a man of affairs. He is a Stalwart and also a warm friend of Mr. Conkling. He has been down here visiting the lawyer and statesman he admires and talks unreservedly of his interview with ex-senator. "Mr. Conkling," says Mr. Bangs, "takes the ground that, in the present difference between the President and the Senate, the legislative body will get defeated. Mr. Conkling declares that Mr. Cleveland is a man of iron will and great determination—in fact, a second Andrew Jackson in courage. He thinks," so Mr. Bangs says, "that not only the Senate, but the country has underrated Mr. Cleveland's strength of character and intellect." Mr. Bangs reports Mr. Conkling as saying that in his judgment the Senate cannot maintain its position and must eventually yield or be involved in a constant controversy with the executive during the balance of his administration. Considering the relations of the two men, this is regarded as authentic testimony as to Mr. Conkling's position upon the interesting question now pending between the legislative and executive branches of the government.—*N. Y. Letter to Phila. Times.*

Arbor Day.

The following proclaimation was issued from the Executive Department of the State on Saturday.

In the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania: Robt E. Pattison, Governor of the said Commonwealth.

ARBOR DAY PROCLAMATION

In compliance with a concurrent resolution of the General Assembly, approved the 17th day of March, A. D., 1885, I do hereby appoint Thursday, the 15th day of April, A. D., 1886, to be observed throughout the Commonwealth as Arbor Day, and i recommend that the people do, on that day, plant trees and shrubbery in public school grounds and along public highways throughout the Commonwealth.

Given under my hand, and the great seal of this Commonwealth, this nineteenth day of March, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eight six, and of the Commonwealth the one hundred and tenth.

ROBERT E. PATTISON, Governor.

By the Governor:
W. S. STENGER, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Gum Shoes and Immorality.

"I never wore 'gum' shoes until this winter," said an old operator as he placed his 7x9 on the edge of the pork pit yesterday. "As you can all see, I'm getting into the sere and yellow—ready for harvest from a grain standpoint—and my footing is not so sure as it used to be. Early this winter I slipped down one evening—oh, no, was painfully sober—and sprained my ankle. My good wife insisted the next morning that I should buy a pair of rubbers, and in a misguided moment I did so. Now, you know that I have always liked to hear my heels click when I walked. There is nothing puts so much confidence in a man as to have his feet come down fair and square. He knows he is there, or thereabouts, and so does everybody who hears his tread either by night or day. But actually, as I am a candidate for wings, I hope I may never get them if my whole nature didn't change as soon as I put on those overshoes. I glided about as noiselessly as a mole, and soon felt like a sneak-thief. Actually, I caught myself stealing my own umbrella out of my own office, and believe I did get away with another man's overcoat. At all events, it seems better than the one I wore last winter. If the pesky things hadn't worn out, shouldn't wonder if I would have set up a scheme to rob Phil Armor, Jack Cudahy or "Old Hutch" right here in this pit. Gum shoes will dull any one's moral sense, I tell you, and it's me that's talking."—*Chicago Herald*

An Enterprising, Reliable House

E. James can always be relied upon, not only to carry in stock the best of everything but to secure the Agency for such articles as have well-known merit, and are popular with the people, thereby sustaining the reputation of being always enterprising, and ever reliable. Having secured the Agency for the celebrated Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, will sell it on a positive guarantee. It will surely cure any and every affection of Throat, Lungs, and Chest and to show our confidence, we invite you to call and get a Trial Bottle Free.

THE largest barn in the world is probably that of the Union Cattle Company of Cheyenne, near Omaha. It covers five acres, cost $125,000, and accommodates 8,750 head of cattle.

THROUGH our luxurious and perverted modes of living, and from a score of causes besides, diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs are now among the most common and fatal in this country. Men suffer from them most frequently and most intensely. Their victims are falling exhausted by the wayside of life every day. Do you fear this end for yourself? If so, we can assure you of help by means of Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy."

FITS—All fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free to fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia,

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—Beware of imitations, pretended cures and specifics, and spurious preparations. Take only Hunt's [Kidney and Liver] Remedy.

—Although the city of Bangor, Me., has a good old fashioned prohibitory law, out of 672 persons arrested last year 348 were for drunkeness.

—Laura A. Miller, aged 19, hanged herself in Buffalo, last week, because her parents had forbidden her to attend roller skating rinks.

—John Gillespie, the negro who murdered Mrs. Thomas Gray, near Loudon, Tenn., on Wednesday of last week was hanged by a mob of 200 men near the scene of the crime.

—Willie Bradford, five years old, strayed away from his home in the Cherokee Nation the other day, and the next day what the wolves had left of the poor little fellow was found in a mountain glen.

—Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the first blood medicine to prove a real success, still holds the first place in public estimation, both at home and abroad. Its miraculous cures and immense sales show this.

—In a late lecture at Yale Prof. Arthur T. Hadley stated that no less than 15,000 persons were injured annually in the United States from the single duty of coupling cars. This estimate is made from statistics of surgical aid given to such cases.

—With bright eyes and elastic step, yet gray, lustreless hair. It is unnatural, needless. Parker's Hair Balsam will restore the black or brown prematurely lost, cleanse from all dandruff, and stop its falling. Don't surrender your hair without an effort to save it.

—The power of the sun is shown upon the Washington monument. Every bright morning this tall column moves its summit an inch westward, and in the afternoon, when the sun is declining, it moves it back to the eastward. The heat of the sun is wonderful.

—A tramp entered the Baptist Church at Mineral Ridge, O., a week ago, and after building a hot fire with singing books collected from the seats, disposed himself for a rest. Fortunately a vigilant church goer discovered him and he was suddenly removed from his warm quarters.

—A man in Nova Scotia is preparing to tow to New York next summer a mammoth raft of logs, spars and sawed lumber, aggregating about three million feet. Its length will be 410 feet, its width 55, and its thickness 35 feet. It is pointed at bow and stern and will cost $20,000.

—The heaviest and most destructive snow storm that has visited Dubuque, Iowa, in the past five years began there on last Saturday afternoon, and continued until late on Sunday morning. The snow fell to a depth of over two feet and drifted until fences were hidden from view and several frail buildings fell under its weight.

—James Walker, who died in Uniontown, Ohio, last week, was a miser and had accumulated about $20,000, which he had invested in United States bonds to escape taxation. In summer his principal food was clover leaves and bran, and in winter he spent most of the time in bed and lived on raw cornmeal.

—A Cromwell (Conn.) woman, whose condition of health lately led to the belief among her friends that she was suffering from cosumption, was taken with a severe fit of coughing the other day, during which she relieved herself of a chicken bone that she swallowed 20 years ago. The woman is now rapidly improving in health.

—Miss Abigail Bates died in Setuate, Mass., last week, aged 89 years. She was one of the two heroines who during the war of 1812 drove the British forces from this harbor by concealing themselves in the bushes and playing vigorously upon the fife and drum, thereby leading the enemy to believe that a large force was ready to receive them.

—The "preacher" is the latest swindling dodge being worked in Central Iowa. He calls on his way distributing Bibles and often presents the family with a handsome book. He then asks for dinner or other meal, and and takes a receipt for 25 cents paid for the meal. A few months later the neighboring bank calls for the payment of a note for a large amount.

—Mrs. Mary Coulter, whose maiden name was Perry, and who claims to be a near relative of Commodore Perry, is living at Russiaville, Ind., at the age of 116 years. She was born in Delaware in April, 1769, retains all her faculties except hearing, has been a member of the Methodist Church for 75 years and bids fair to add several more years to her score.

—Since the accession of Pope Leo XIII forty-four Cardinals have died. Of the Cardinals created by Pope Pius IX twenty-six are still living, the remaining thirty four have been created by Pope Leo XIII. There are now ten vacancies in the Sacred College. Cardinal Newman is the oldest of the Cardinals. There are now 1,208 dignitaries in the Roman Catholic hierarchy.

—Miss Daisy Carroll has been arrested at Spring City, Tenn., for complicity in the embezlement of about $100 000 from the Champion Works at Springfield, O., said to have been committed by the confidential bookkeeper, Frank Jones. The books of the Champion Company were found secreted in her house at Spring City, with other evidence of her complicity. She will be taken at once to Ohio.

—The Board of Trustees of the new Roman Catholic University will meet in Baltimore in Easter week to perfect arrangements for the opening of the institution. The $300,000 fund donated by Miss Caldwell has been more than doubled by contributions from all parts of the country. The site, sixty-five acres in extent, just outside the northern border of Washington City, has already been purchased, and the Board of Trustees will probably begin the erection of buildings next summer.

—An elephant that had been brought to Hamburg by some Cingalese late'e showed signs of furious delirium. An English sportsman, who had previously offered 1,000 marks for the privilege of despatching an elephant with his rifle, was summoned by telegraph, but his ardor cooled when he confronted the enraged beast, and he declined to shoot. Strangulation was then resorted to, chains that were passed around the elephant's neck being drawn taut by means of a tackle. It took 10 minutes to kill the animal in this way.

—A horrible double murder was committed on Back Creek, Roanoke county, Va., on Wednesday night of last week. A man named Griffey, who has a wife living on Back Creek, has just returned from Texas, where, it is alleged, he served a term in the penitentiary. His wife refused to recognize him, and learning that John and Pickett Metz, sons of Mr. Wm. Metz, had been visiting his wife in his absence, Griffey went to their home, called one of the young men out and shot him through the heart. He then entered the house and shot the other young man through the right breast.

—Previous to the war a colored man, now living in Norfolk, Va., and then a slave, purchased his freedom from his owner, agreeing to give $1,300 for the chattel property. When President Lincoln's emancipation proclamation was issued the former slave had paid $800 of his indebtedness, and since that time, by his daily labor, he has accumulated, dollar by dollar, and paid over to his former owner the remaining $500, and now he is a freeman indeed. The sense of honor was stronger in his mind than the law of the United States by which he was manumitted, and he set an example followed by few. His name, which deserves to be recorded everywhere, is John Billups.

THE GREAT REGULATOR

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR S.L.R.

—PURELY VEGETABLE.—

—ARE YOU— BILIOUS?

The Regulator never fails to cure. I feel cheerfully recommend it to all who suffer from Bilious Attacks or any Disease caused by a disarranged state of the Liver. W. R. BERNARD, Kansas City, Mo.

DO YOU WANT GOOD DIGESTION?

I suffered intensely with Full Stomach, Headache, etc. A neighbor who had taken Simmons Liver Regulator, told me it was a sure cure for any trouble. The first dose I took relieved me very much, and in one week's time I was as strong and hearty as I ever was. It is the best medicine I ever took for Dyspepsia.

H. G. CRENSHAW, Richmond, Va.

DO YOU Suffer from CONSTIPATION?

Testimony of HIRAM WARNER, Chief Justice of the "I have used Simmons Liver Regulator for Constipation of my Bowels, caused by a temporary Derangement of the Liver for the last three or four years, and always with decided benefit."

SAFER AND BETTER THAN CALOMEL! I have been subject to severe spells of Congestion of the Liver, and have been in the habit of taking from a half to a dose of Calomel, which usually laid me up for three or four days. Lately I have been taking Simmons Liver Regulator, which gave me relief without any Interruption to Business.

J. HUGG, Middleport, Ohio.

ONLY GENUINE!

MANUFACTURED BY

J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

PRICE, $1.00.

An Efficient Remedy

In all cases of Bronchial and Pulmonary Affections is AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. As such it is recognized and prescribed by the medical profession, and in many thousands of families, for the past 40 years, it has been regarded as an invaluable household remedy. It is a preparation that only requires to be taken in very small quantities, and a few doses of it administered in the early stages of a cold or cough will effect a speedy cure, and may, very possibly, save life. There is no doubt whatever that

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Has preserved the lives of great numbers of persons, by arresting the development of Laryngitis, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, and Pulmonary Consumption, and by the cure of those dangerous maladies. It should be kept ready for use in every family where there are children, as it is a medicine far superior to all others in the treatment of Croup, the alleviation of Whooping Cough, and the cure of Colds and Influenza, ailments peculiarly incidental to childhood and youth. Prompt use in dealing with all diseases of this class is of the utmost importance. The loss of a single day may, in many cases, entail fatal consequences. Do not waste precious time in experimenting with medicines of doubtful efficacy, while the malady is constantly gaining a deeper hold, but take at once the speediest and most certain to cure,

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass

Sold by all Druggists.

PLAID SHAWL GIVEN AWAY!

Through the failure of a large manufacturer of Cashmere Pattern Fringe Shawls, there has come into our hands a large consignment of Plaid Shawls, perfect goods, which we propose to present to the ladies in the following manner: Send us 50 cts. for 3 mos. subscription to Farm and Household, a large 32 page illustrated paper devoted to Farm and Household topics, Stories and general miscellany. Send us your address and we will send you one of these beautiful shawls FREE by mail postpaid, or we will send shawls and 3 subscriptions to one address for $1.00. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Address

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD, Box 49, Hartford, Conn.

TANSY PILLS

Are perfectly Safe and always Effectual. Used to-day regularly by 10,000 American Women. Guaranteed superior to all others, or Cash refunded. Don't waste money on worthless nostrums. This Remedy Rest. Sold by all Druggists, or mailed to any address. Send 4 cents for particulars.

WILCOX SPECIFIC CO., Philada., Pa.

The Old Doctor NERVOUS DEBILITY MALE or FEMALE WEAKNESS AND DECAY.

A Life Experience. Remarkable and quick cures. Trial Packages. Send stamp for sealed particulars. Address Dr. WARD & CO. Louisiana, Mo.

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Solicitor of Patents, Attorney-at-Law, and Counselor in Patent Causes, Washington, D. C. References: Riggs & Co., Bankers, and 3d Nat. Bank, Wash., D. C.

A WHOLE FRUIT GARDEN,

DELIVERED FREE BY EXPRESS,

For ONE DOLLAR,

Consisting of the following well-grown plants: 1 Early Ohio, 1 Agawam, Red; 25 Concord, Black Grape Vines; 12 Cuthbert, Red Raspberries; 6 Cherry Currants; 25 Manchester and 25 Wilson Strawberry Plants. First-class stock. Regular price, $4, but I must come down with the times.—HARRY SMITH Propagator of small Fruit Plants, Fredonia, N. Y.

REFERENCES: FREDONIA NAT'L BANK.

FIVE THOUSAND LADIES Wanted at once to do our Fancy Work. No Canvassing; No Humbug. Easily learned and neat. Five to Ten Dollars per week at this season. Steady employment the year round. Apply at once for particulars to KENSINGTON PUBLISHING AND PAPER ART CO. (Knickerbocker Building), 187 Tremont street, Boston, Mass. P. O. Box 5,208.

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you. Address DR. H. G. ROOT, 183 Pearl St., New York.

A BIG OFFER To introduce them we will GIVE AWAY 1,000 Self-Operating Washing Machines. If you want one send us your name, P. O. and express office at once. The National Co., 21 Dey St., New York.

LADIES WANTED—To work for us at their own homes. $7 and $10 per week can be easily made; no canvassing; fascinating and steady employment. Particulars and sample of the work sent for stamp. Address HOME M'F'G CO., P. O. Box 1916 Boston, Mass.

WE want SALESMEN everywhere, local and traveling, to sell our goods. Will pay good salary and all expenses. Write for terms at once, and state salary wanted. STANDARD SILVERWARE COMPANY, Boston, Mass.

CONSUMPTION

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

FOR SALE—STEAM ENGINES, CLAY AND Ore Pans, Boiler and Sheet-Iron Work.—Second-hand engines and boilers on hand. Hoisting engines and machinery a specialty.—THOMAS CARLIN, Allegheny, Pa. (Jan. 22.-1y.)

M. D. KITTELL,

Attorney-at-Law,

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Office Armory Building, opp. Court House.

THE FREEMAN is a good paper in which to advertise.

BILIOUSNESS.

Bilious symptoms invariably arise from indigestion, such as furred tongue, vomiting of bile, giddiness, sick headache, irregular bowels. The liver secretes the bile and acts like a filter or sieve, to cleanse impurities of the blood. By irregularity in its action or suspensions of its functions, the bile is liable to overflow into the blood, causing jaundice, sallow complexion, yellow eyes, bilious diarrhœa, a languid, weary feeling and many other distressing symptoms. Biliousness may be properly termed an affection of the liver, and can be thoroughly cured by the grand regulator of the liver and biliary organs, BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS. Act upon the stomach, bowels and liver, making healthy bile and pure blood, and opens the culverts and sluiceways for the outlet of disease. Sold everywhere and guaranteed to cure.

STEIN'S SAFETY STOCKING SUPPORTER

RECOMMENDED BY ALL THE LEADING PHYSICIAN

NO MORE BLOOD-STRANGLING GARTERS.

Children's, 1 to 3 years,		8c. a pair.
" "	two attachments,	10c. " "
Misses' "	"	15c. " "
Ladies' "	"	15c. " "
Misses', with a belt,	"	20c. " "
Ladies', "	"	25c. " "
Stocking, Abdominal and Catamenial Bandage Supporter combined,		50c. " "
Health Skirt Supporter,		25c. " "
Brighton Gent's Garter,		15c. " "

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Samples sent post-paid to any address upon receipt of price in 3-cent stamps.

LEWIS STEIN,

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OFFER TO THE TRADE THE BEST LINE OF

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IN THE MARKET,

MADE IN

Button, English Bals & Imitation Lace Congress,

From the BEST CALF SKINS, with GENUINE DONGOLA TOPS, SOLE LEATHER COUNTERS, and every pair warranted.

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Feb. 26, 1886.-1y.

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY.

The attention of buyers is respectfully invited to my large stock of

ELEGANT FURNITURE,

CONSISTING OF

Parlor and Chamber Suits, WARDROBES, SIDEBOARDS, Centre, Extension and Breakfast Tables CHAIRS, CUPBOARDS, SINKS, BED SPRING MATTRESSES,

and in fact nearly everything pertaining to the Furniture business. Also, any goods in that line manufactured in the United States sold at the lowest catalogue prices.

Upholstering, Repairing and Painting

of all kind of Furniture, Chairs, Lounges, &c. promptly and satisfactorily attended to. Warerooom on High street, opposite the Congregational church. Please call and examine goods whether you wish to purchase or not.

E. B. CRESSWELL.

Ebensburg, April 18, 1884.-1y.

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HOME AND CITY MADE FURNITURE!

PARLOR AND CHAMBER SUITS, LOUNGES, BEDSTEADS, TABLES, CHAIRS, Mattresses, &c.,

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Between 16th and 17th Sts.,

ALTOONA, PA.

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EBENSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, -- MARCH 26, 1886.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Here, There and the Other Place.

—Now is the time to advertise your spring stock of goods.

—It is said that this is not a good season for maple sugar.

—For the best mackeral in the market go to the SugarBowl.

For the best flour in the market go to the Sugar Bowl.

—For all kinds of groceries, fresh and pure, go to the Sugar Bowl.

—A twelve-thousand-dollar temperance hotel is to be built in Somerset.

—Huntingdon having got her water works is now hankering after the electric light.

—You can buy a foot of soap for ten cts. at Barkers', and good soap it is, too.

—Thursday, April 15th, has been appointed Arbor Day by Governor Pattison.

—Great sale of muslins at Barkers' this week. If you want a bargain now is your chance.

—Log-driving on the Chest creek and headwaters of the Susquehanna river has commenced.

—Have you tried Barkers' flour, at $1.25 per sack? If not, try it at once and see how you like it.

—The Johnstown *Democrat* says that the finest and best apples are selling in that place at a dollar per barrel.

—The miners at Lilly's have again gone to work having been granted the advance of ten cents a ton asked for.

—Ex-Commissioner Francis O'Frell, of Loretto, who had one of his legs severely hurt recently, is able to be about again.

—Mr. D. G. Myers removed his family to Ashland on Wednesday last, where he has just completed a new dwelling house.

—Hunt's (Kidney and Liver) Remedy has been used over thirty years, and saved thousands from lingering disease and death.

—Mr. Strayer's Normal School will be conducted in Armory Hall. Mr. Leech will hold forth in the Public School Building, at the old stand.

—Johnnie Maher, a little grand child of Mr. Lewis Hoover, of this place died at his grandfather's on Saturday last, aged about five years.

—Beware of frauds. Be sure you get the genuine Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. It cures Colds, Croup, Asthma, Deafness and Rheumatism.

—John B. Collin, mechanical engineer of the Pennsylvania railroad at Altoona, died in that city on Saturday last, aged fifty-eight years.

—If you want a real good soap at a low price, buy it at Barkers' at ten cents a foot, and you will have more soap and better soap at the price than ever before.

—Isaac Gambler, a German pack pedler was robbed of $104 on the cars between Tyrone and Altoona on Tuesday last by a lot of roughs who got on the train at Tyrone.

—A freight train was wrecked at Mineral Point on Friday night, caused by a broken axle. Eight cars were demolished and a brakeman named John Dewitt was slightly injured.

—Captain Michael Quartz will punch the tickets on the Cresson & Coalport railroad, when the cars on that road commence hauling passengers, which will be about the first of next month.

—Messrs. Platt & Glunt, of Reade township, started up their saw mill last week. They have a large number of logs and are still bringing in more. The mill gives employment to quite a number of hands.

—Messrs. Mohn & Strauser on Tuesday last shipped another car load of horses from this place to Lancaster county. This is the third car load shipped by these gentlemen and there could be several more bought yet.

—The County Commissioners commenced holding the appeals for the different districts throughout the county on Monday last, and quite a number of citizens from the different districts have been visible on our streets this week.

—The following names can each get a letter by calling at the Ebensburg Post Office: Mrs. Rachel Rager; Mrs. Sarah A. Rettlemyer; Mrs. Minnie Roberts; Mrs. Mills Davis; Mr. Nathaniel Linger; Mr. Joseph Bowers.

—This week we publish the card of H. G. Rose, Esq., as a candidate for the nomination for the office of District Attorney. Mr. Rose is at present filling that responsible position and has performed the duties of the office during his term with decided ability.

—Saturday of last week was the day for hearing the applications for license in Indiana county. Judge White refused all applications holding that the license was not necessary for public accommodation. There is now no licensed house in Indiana county.

—Better stop your cough while you can. By and by nothing will do it. It is worth heading, that Parker's Tonic is the best thing known for coughs, colds, torpid liver, kidney troubles and weak lungs. You risk your life in waiting. Take it while there is yet time.

—Captain William Linton, of Summitville, comes to the front this week as a candidate for Assembly. Captain Linton is well known throughout the county, where he has hosts of friends, and, if nominated and elected, would make an intelligent and active member the Legislature.

—Mr. Alonza Mason, of the East ward, will about the first of next week remove his family to East Conemaugh, where he has secured a good position from the P. R. R. Company. Mr. M. would have moved this week, but sickness prevented him from doing so. We wish him success in his new position.

—Capt. H. D. Woodruff, Burgess of Conemaugh Borough and at one time editor of the Johnstown *Democrat*, has been granted a pension and back pay amounting to $3,200 up to October, 1885, and $30 a month thereafter. The Captain contracted rheumatism during his term of service, from which he has ever since suffered.

—Mr. Joseph Gutwald, of this place, will on Saturday next sell at public sale, one cow, one pony, one mare, one two horse sled, eight head of sheep, wagons, harness, and a number of other articles, too numerous to mention. Sale will be held at his slaughter house at two o'clock, when a reasonable credit will be given.

—Mr. John S. McCoy, of Allegheny township, one mile east of Chest Springs, on the Dry Gap road, will on Saturday next, at one o'clock, P. M., sell a lot of personal property, consisting of horses, cattle, farming utensils, hay and straw by the ton, corn, oat, rye and potatoes by the bushel, and a number of other articles too numerous to mention.

—The issue of the standard silver dollars from the mints during the week, ending February 26th, was $505,000. The issue during the corresponding period of last year was $186,497. The shipments of fractional silver coin during the month of February amounted to $250,000.

Gable & Co. for Embroideries.
Gable & Co. for Table Linens.
Gable & Co. for Towels.
Gable & Co. for Silks.
Gable & Co. for Muslins.
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—ADDRESS—
WILLIAM F. GABLE & CO.,
1402 Eleventh Avenue,
ALTOONA.
ONE PRICE. ONE PRICE.

NOTE—You know, of course, that Gable & Co. are selling Ladies' and Children's Coats at less than cost in order to close out balance of stock. If you don't, it might pay you to know it.

—You all need muslin at all times, and you will wonder how it is that Barkers are selling off a lot at a reduced price. The only reason is that they bought a lot at very low figures and are selling it the same.

—The attention of our readers is called to the advertisement of Prof. Leech's Normal School, which will be found in another column. Mr. Leech has been principal of the Ebensburg High School for the past two sessions, is a successful and practical teacher and pupils attending his school will find in him a competent instructor.

—When a cold or other cause checks the operation of the secretive organs, their natural healthy action should be restored by the use of Ayer's Pills, and inflammatory material thereby removed from the system. Much serious sickness and suffering might be prevented by thus promptly correcting those slight derangement that, otherwise, often develop into settled disease.

—The announcement of H. A. Shoemaker, Esq., as a candidate for Prothonotary is published in the proper column. Mr. Shoemaker at the end of the present year will have served one term in that office, and during his incumbency has been an accommodating and obliging officer, and, if re-nominated, will perform the duties of the office in the future as efficiently and faithfully as he has done in the past.

—Attention is called to the card of St. Francis' College, Loretto, published in another column. The well known reputation of this college in the past is a safe guarantee of its usefulness in the future, and its present able and efficient corps of teachers are among the best instructors to be found in any school in the country. To teachers who wish to continue their studies until the end of June, it affords a good opportunity.

—Parties attending the appeals should bear in mind that, while a reduction of their valuation a hundred dollars or two may save them a small amount in taxes, the best way to save money while here is to buy their dry goods, dress goods, boots and shoes, groceries and provisions at John Owens' store, on High street; where they can always buy at bottom prices.

—Thomas Gallagher, son of a wealthy Williamsport merchant, while recovering from a long debauch on Saturday afternoon, deliberately laid his neck on one of the railroad tracks at that place, and waited for a coming train. A policeman was summoned and removed him from the track, but the would-be suicide broke away and again threw himself on the track with such violence as to injure his skull. He then begged to be taken to jail. He is not insane.

—The Hollidaysburg *Standard* says: During the absence of Harry Kaufman, who resides near Ore Hill, and who was on a visit to Johnstown, his wife eloped with another man na med Enbram Kensinger, leaving behind her three little children unprovided for. Fortunately, the condition of the little ones was discovered in time, otherwise the chances are that they would have perished for want of the necessaries of life. The woman indulged in a similar freak once before, and with the same individual.

—Rev. W. J. Coleman, of Beaver Falls, District Secretary of the National Reform Association, delivered a very able and instructive lecture in the Presbyterian church of this place on Tuesday evening last, on the great object and purpose of the association he represents. His lecture was a masterly presentation of the reasons for the Christian amendment which the association labors to secure. The speaker held his audience for about one hour and fifty minutes.

—Information by wire from the mountain mining district to-day, says the Johnstown *Tribune* of Wednsday, is to the effect that the mines at Gallitzin, Mineral Point, Lilly's, Benscreek, Portage, and South Fork are all at work, having recieved the advance of ten cents per ton demanded. One mine was out yesterday at the east end of the tunnel, but it is understood that all are at work today. There is no news from Summerhill, but it is likely, however, that all are at work there.

—A son of Mr. Frank Warner, of Washington township, aged about eighteen years, was killed at Sonman on Friday last, about four o'clock in the afternoon. He, with a number of other young men, had been engaged in the hazardous and dangerous pastime of jumping on freight trains and riding up and down the railroad. Young Warner attempted to jump on a moving train, when his foot caught and his handholt slipped, and he was dragged several hundred yards, breaking his lower jaw and horribly mutilating his head and body.

—A Sanitary Convention, the object of which will be to afford an opportunity for an expression of opinion on matters relating to the public health and the discussion of methods looking towards an advancement in the sanitary condition of the Commonwealth, the prevention of sickness and avoidable death, and the improvement of the conditions of living, will be held in Philadelphia, under the auspices of the State Board of Health, on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, May 12, 13, and 14, 1886.

—Mr. Charles Crouse, of Summerhill, on Thursday of last week, while in this place, purchased a new buggy and took it home. On the next day he started to South Fork with his new buggy and a horse he had borrowed from Mr. Alex. Story, and while driving across the Conemaugh the horse fell, upsetting the buggy and throwing Mr. Crouse out. The horse became so entangled in the harness that it was with difficulty he was released, and he was so badly injured from his struggling that he died in a short time after. Mr. Crouse escaped unhurt, but the buggy was badly wrecked.

—A postoffice has been established at Ashland, this county, to be known as Ashville. W. G. Krise, Esq., has been appointed postmaster and he is now actively engaged in putting up a suitable building. The petitioners for the office first intended to have the postoffice named Ashland, but as there is one of that name in Pennsylvania the postoffice department refused to adopt it, and so the name of Ashville was then taken. The mail will be carried on the Cresson & Coalport road, and mail matter will not be delivered there until the trains begin running regularly. We congratulate the 'Squire on his appointment.

—Judge Olmsted, in the McKean Court, informed those who were clamoring for the rejection of all licenses, that he found public sentiment largely in favor of license for the sale of liquor, and that in his opinion a better state of affairs would exist in the county if licenses were granted than if the liquor traffic was to pass into the hands of unlicensed and irresponsible persons. Although a temperance man, Judge Olmsted is of opinion that the sweeping change demanded would be injurious, and thinks the observance and enforcement of the laws the best course for the promotion of temperance and the protection of the people.

—A dozen Hollidaysburg boys, who have been reading dime novels, planned to arm themselves and go west to fight Indians. Only two, Dean Baker, aged 12, and Charles Bollinger, aged 15, carried out the determination. They left last Friday and have not since been heard from.

—A man (?) living three or four miles from Ebensburg, was on Monday afternoon driving an empty spring wagon, on his way home, when the body of Mr Robert Murray, who had dropped dead on the road, was found. Mr. Morgan Hughes, who lives close by, came upon the scene and suggested that, as it was only a short distance to his house (about one hundred yards), they would take the body there and send for a doctor and see if anything could be done to revive the man. As it would have been much easier to take the body on the wagon, the owner was asked to drive up and take the remains to Mr. Hughes' house. The reply was: "It is getting late and I haven't time," and he drove off, leaving Mr. Hughes and the other men present to carry the body over the best way they could. Our opinion is that a man of that kind would be very little missed out of a civilized and Christian community, and he should be allowed to have a good deal more spare time in the future.

—Mention was made in the *Tribune* the other day of the arrival from California of Mr. Robert Devlin and his son. Mr. Devlin is one of a family of nine children, all of whom are living, and the youngest of whom is sixty years of age. In the order of their birth they are James, aged eighty-four years, residing in Ireland; John, aged eighty two, Johnstown; Frank aged seventy-eight, Johnstown; Arthur aged seventy-four, Jackson Township; Margret, sixty-nine, New York; Ann, aged sixty-six, Tyrone; Daniel, aged sixty-four, Australia; Robert, aged sixty two, Sacramento, Cal., and Hugh aged sixty-six, Altoona. Their combined ages foot up six hundred and thirty-nine years, or an average of seventy one years to each. John, the second in age, has been for some time indisposed. He resides in Conemaugh borough.—*Johnstown Tribune.*

Wilmore Items.

The family of Mr. Thomas Kinney has undergone a siege of sickness within the past week, but I am glad to say they are all now convalescent. The ailment was something of the nature of diphtheria.

A little grand-daughter of Mr. David Farber is suffering with something of a similar nature. She came here a few weeks ago from Tyrone with her mother, who is the widow of Thomas Farber, to be present at the bedside of Mr. Farber, whose illness was noted in the FREEMAN some time ago, but who is at present some better. The little girl, too, is somewhat improved.

The lecture of Rev. Father Boyle, in St. Bartholomew's church, this place, on Sunday evening, was well attended, considering the inclemency of the weather, and was very interesting and instructive. I had intended to write a synopsis of it for this week's FREEMAN, but have been suffering from the effects of influenza and couldn't set my head to the task. Perhaps I may by next week, as there are many facts advanced by the lecturer that are too important to be passed over with this trite notice.

George Shaffer, a railroader, is ill of pneumonia at the residence of his father, Mr. Christian Shaffer. He is reported somewhat better at this writing. M.

Another Barn Burned.

On Sunday evening about four o'clock the large barn of Mr. Samuel Reed, in Blacklick township, together with its entire contents, was destroyed by fire. Mr. Reed had a short time previous to the discovery of the fire returned from church with Rev. S. B. Laverty, who accompanied him home. After putting Mr. Laverty's horse in the stable and the buggy in the barn they went into the house and were there a short time when the barn was discovered to be in flames. They succeeded in getting Mr. Laverty's horse out and one steer and some few trifling articles, but almost everything else was burned. Mr. Reed had in the barn one hundred and fifty bushels wheat, three hundred bushels oats, fifty bushels buckwheat, twenty-five tons hay, a lot of corn, ten head cattle, about fifty sheep, several hogs and all his farming implements, which were burned. Mr. Reed's loss is estimated at $2,500, and he had an insurance of $1,500. The barn was insured in the Cambria Mutual for $1,000, and the other $500 is on the contents and is in the Kittanning Insurance Co. The cause of the fire is a mystery, as neither of the gentlemen was smoking, and there was no fire about the barn, which was some distance from the house.

The Ebensburg Normal School.

The Fifth Annual Term of the Ebensburg Normal School will be held in the Armory Building. The hall and class rooms are large and convenient, and students will find greater advantages than heretofore. The main hall will be provided with suitable desks, tables, blackboards, maps, charts and various kinds of apparatus, and will be used for general exercises, class drills, teachers' meetings and the meetings of the Normal Literary Society. On the first floor are several rooms well adapted for class recitations. Superintendent Strayer is arranging to have the most successful school ever held in Ebensburg. Special instructors in Elocution and Vocal Music will be employed during the latter part of the term without extra charge of tuition to students. Already a large number of students are enrolled from the various districts in the county, and a number from adjoining counties. For a free circular of the school, write to the County Superintendent.

An Answer Wanted.

Can any one bring us a case of Kidney or Liver Complaint that Electric Bitters will not speedily cure? We say they can not, as thousands of cases aleady permanently cured and who are daily recommending Electric Bitters, will prove. Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Weak Back, or any urinary complaint quickly cured. They purify the blood, regulate the bowels, and act directly in the diseased parts. Every bottle guaranteed.

Distress After Eating.

the result of indigestion, will be no longer experienced if half a tablespoonful of Simmons Liver Regulator is taken after each meal. It is such a good digester, and so mild and pleasant in its effects, that it is used by many after a hearty meal to ensure good digestion. The Regulator does not nauseate or irritate the stomach, is purely vegetable, and can be taken in any condition of the system, and, unlike any other known medicine, when its use is discontinued, the system is not left constipated

ROBERT MURRAY DIES SUDDENLY.

On Monday afternoon, about half past five o'clock, as Logan Hildebrand, a butcher from East Conemaugh, was leading a steer and walking out the Pittsburg pike, at the west end of town he came upon the dead body of a man lying on the road in front of the residence Mr. William Fagan. He called several men who were a couple of hundred yards away, and when they reached the body they immediately recognized it as that of Mr. Robert Murray, an old and respected citizen, who lived about a-half mile from town and who had been seen passing the house of Mr. Thomas Davis about ten minutes previous to his body being found. Mr. Murray had been in town during the day, digging the grave for a child at the Catholic cemetery, and at three o'clock had assisted at the burial. He started home about five o'clock, and on his way stopped at the tailor shop of Mr. Lewis Beynon, where he left his shovel, at the same time complaining that he was not feeling well, but he did not intimate, and perhaps did not think, that he was seriously ill. It was a cold, blustery day, with some snow on the ground, and his tracks indicated that when he stopped he made two steps backward and fell on his back, dying without a struggle. Heart disease is supposed to have caused his death, which, as above intimated, must have been almost instantaneous. Mr. Murray was an Irishman by birth and came to this country about thirty-five years ago, acquiring by thrift and industry a little property on the outskirts of our town, where he had lived for a number of years. He was honest and conscientious in all his dealings, was a good neighbor and was respected by everybody. He leaves to survive him a widow, but no children. Deceased was about 75 years of age and was a brother of Mr. James P. Murray, of Tunnelhill. Remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery, this place, on Wednesday. May he rest in peace.

A Few Pointers.

When the people of Cambria county elected Robert L. Johnston to preside over their courts they invited the shameful condition of affairs that has befallen them. Perhaps the carnival of drunkenness and crime which follows the wholesale licensing of rumsellers may bring them to repentance.

The above we take from the Altoona *Tribune*. The crank who imposed it on that respectable paper shows the most notable ignorance. He did not know—

That a majority of the court resides in the Johnstown district, where the bulk of the licenses were granted.

That the number of licenses is smaller in proportion to the population of Cambria county than when Judges Taylor and Dean occupied the bench.

The "carnival of drunkenness and crime" spoken of is fitly answered by the records of Cambria and Blair counties.

In the last year in Cambria county there has been a single prosecution for illegal liquor selling, followed by a condign punishment and revocation of license. In Blair county court proceedings bristle with them at every term.

As to "crime," our Quarterly Sessions are only occupied with a portion of the four weeks allotted to the sessions in the year; while in Blair county, notwithstanding Judge Dean is an able and laborious judge, the sessions absorb the whole criminal term and consume the week devoted to civil cases beside.

The Cambria court does not legislate, but administers the law as they find it. But as to "drunkenness and crime," Blair county, and especially Altoona, should keep profoundly quiet.

YOU HAVE often seen women with marked paleness or face, vitiated appetites, and a craving for unwholesome food. These are signs of a disordered liver, and the trouble must be corrected or worse results are sure to follow. Husbands and fathers cannot afford to treat this matter lightly. Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy," which dispels liver disease, costs less than sick wives and daughters. You will find it a profitable investment.

Justices Elected.

The following gentlemen, who were elected Justices at the Spring election, have filed their acceptances with the Prothonotary:

Thomas McKernon, 2d ward, Cambria bor.; Charles Rhody, Chest twp.; John Behe, Clearfield twp; E. R. Dunegan, Clearfield twp.; George H. Martin, Coopersdale bor.; J. J. Shaffer, East Conemaugh bor.; M. H. Davis, East Conemaugh bor.; John Roberts, Franklin bor.; T. J. Stephens, Gallitzin bor.; John H. Fisher, 1st ward, Johnstown bor.; J. S. Strayer, 2d ward, Johnstown bor.; Thomas Callan, Loretto bor.; Harrison Overdorf, 2d ward, Millville bor.; W. H. Cassiday, Munster twp.; J. C. Noel, Portage twp.; William Flynn, Portage twp.; Wm. F. Kinney, Prospect bor.; Jacob G. Varner, Richland twp.; J. H. Vell, Richland twp.; Moses Feathers, Stonycreek twp.; W. H. Smay, Summerhill twp.; John Sharbaugh, Summit bor.; E. P. Baker, Susquehanna twp.; Jacob Glosser, Susquehanna twp.; S. A. Myers, Washington twp.; A. McGough, White twp., Joel Gates, White twp.

ONE of my children, a girl about nine years old, had a very bad discharge from her head and nose of a thick, yellowish matter, and was growing worse. We had two different physicians prescribe for her, but without benefit. We tried Ely's Cream Balm, and, much to our surprise, in three days there was a marked improvement. We continued using the Balm and in a short time the discharge was apparently cured.—O. A. Cary, Corning, N. Y.

Physicians Have Found out

That a contaminating and foreign element in the blood, developed by indigestion, is the cause of rheumatism. This settles upon the sensitive sub cutaneous covering of the muscles and ligaments of the joints, causing constant and shifting pain, and aggregating as a calcareous, chalky deposit which produces stiffness and distortion of the limbs. No fact, which experience has demonstrated in regard to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, has stronger evidence to support than this, namely, that this medicine of comprehensive uses checks the formidable and atrocious disease, nor is it less positively established that it is preferable to the potions often used to arrest it, since the medicine contains only salutory ingredients. It is also a signal remedy for malarial fevers, constipation, dyspepsia, kidney and bladder ailments, debility and other disorders. See that you get the genuine.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. For sale by E. James.

Time For Critical Eye Operations

With the advent of Spring and pleasant weather it is best for every one who are in need of Cataract, or other serious operations on the eye, to have them done before the extreme heat of summer. Consult Dr. Sadler, 804 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., who will send illustrated pamphlet and reference free. Terms to suit each case.

—Lawyers are not admitted into the organization known as the Knights of Labor.

LIST OF JURORS.

The folloing named gentlemen have been drawn to serve at the term of Court to be held in this place, commencing on the first Monday of June next:

GRAND JURORS.

Bomgardner Simon M., laborer, Richland twp.
Bradley Joseph E., laborer, Washington twp.
Clark John H., inn keeper, Washington twp.
Campbell James, moulder, Johstown, 1st ward.
Donovan Michael, laborer, Ebensburg, E. ward.
Dashner Joseph, Jr., butcher, Gallitzin bor.
Eager John B., farmer, Washington twp.
Eager John D., farmer, Barr twp.
Ferguson Robert, farmer, Blacklick twp.
Frank John, Jr., laborer, Johnstown, 2d ward.
Good John J., farmer, East Taylor twp.
Gill Charles, Jr., farmer, Chest twp.
Horner Sylvester, milliman, Johnstown, 4th w.
Koontz Joseph, carpenter, Johnstown, 6th w.
Kelly Patrick, fireman, Conemaugh bor., 2d w.
Litzinger Eugene, merchant, Loretto borough.
Peterson John T., farmer, Reade twp.
Parrish Francis J., alderman, Gallitzin bor.
Orris Lewis, merchant, Croyle twp.
Oppey Wm., Jr., miner, East Taylor twp.
Rutledge Irwin, alderman, Johnstown, 6th w.
Risch William, Jr., laborer, Johnstown, 1st w.
Ream Jonathan, laborer, Franklin borough.
Wilt Thomas, farmer, Clearfield twp.

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

Adams James, farmer, Clearfield township.
Blough John S., farmer, Richland township.
Bradley Michael C., merchant, Lilly borough.
Barker F. M., merchant, Ebensburg, E. ward.
Brawley Thomas J., farmer, Portage twp.
Costlow John C., laborer, Conemaugh twp.
Croyle Christ., milman, Cambria borough, 3d w.
Christy A. J., inn keeper, Loretto borough.
Deitrich Albert, farmer, Chest township.
Englebach George, clerk, Johnstown, 1st ward.
Evans Edward, farmer, Barr township.
Fry Sebastian, undertaker, Loretto borough.
Green James, merchant, Cambria borough, 1st w.
Glunt W. G., laborer, Reade township.
Hildebrand Geo. W., fireman, Conemaugh boro', 1st ward.
Hofecker Leonard, laborer, Stonycreek twp.
Hoover Thomas, farmer, Cambria twp.
Harshberger Anthony, laborer, Franklin bor.
Harshberger John M., farmer, Adams twp.
Houck J. L., merchant, Carrolltown bor.
Jones Thomas L., teamster, Ebensburg, E. ward.
Kibney Samuel, clerk, Johnstown, 1st ward.
Kohler Andrew, farmer, Conemaugh township.
Layman John B., farmer, Richland township.
Little D. C., carpenter, Chest Springs borough.
Lake D. W., laborer, Lower Yoder township.
Linton Reuben M., student, Johnstown, 1st w.
Munday Elias, farmer, Jackson township.
Munday John, teamster Conemaugh bor., 1st w.
Myers John A., laborer, Gallitzin borough.
McGough Charles B., laborer, Croyle twp.
McCartney E. S., blacksmith, E. Conemaugh.
McMonigle Edward, laborer, Prospect borough.
Ott Francis, inn keeper, Elder township.
Orris Hiram, farmer, Richland township.
O'Brien Edward, lumberman, Washington twp.
Ream Daniel, laborer, Grubbtown borough.
Roberts Peter, mason, Franklin borough.
Stevens Thomas J., jeweler, Gallitzin borough.
Sweeny Thomas, laborer, Cambria bor., 2d w.
Stull Jacob R., farmer, Adams township.
Slick Joseph, shoemaker, Johnstown, 7th ward.
Swank Samuel, potter, Johnstown, 6th ward.
Shinkle David, miller, Cambria township.
Strayer Lewis superintendent, Ebensburg, E. w.
Stormer John, Sr., merchant, Conemaugh boro', 1st ward.
Veil John H., tanner, Richland township.
Wineestille Michael, farmer, Croyle township.

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

Armacher John, carpenter, Johnstown, 4th ward.
Bengele Joseph, merchant, Gallitzin borough.
Bantley Gotleib, agent, Johnstown, 2d ward.
Brawley Francis, carpenter, Washington twp.
Beers W. H., farmer, Reade township.
Hiller Joseph, Jr., farmer, Allegheny township.
Buck Sylvester, carpenter, Carrolltown bor.
Costlow David, farmer, Conemaugh boro', 2d w.
Campbell Peter, farmer, Carrolltown borough.
Cuviller J. M., miner, East Conemaugh bor.
Coagleton Albert, laborer, Franklin borough.
Clark James B., miner, East Taylor township.
Dibert David, gent., Johnstown, 6th ward.
Dillon Patrick, farmer, Elder township.
Davis George, lake er, Lower Yoder township.
Ellis Sam. P. S., clerk, Johnstown, 2d ward.
Fulton John, paver, Conemaugh boro', 2d ward.
Gates Gilbert, laborer, Lower Yoder township.
George Albert, blacksmith, Lilly borough.
Grove Fred., farmer, Jackson township.
Gillan James, merchant, Washington twp.
Given James A., laborer, Lower Yoder twp.
Horner Cyrus, farmer, Adams twp.
Horner William, engineer, East Conemaugh.
Horner Richard, laborer, Conemaugh twp.
Long A. J., teamster, Jackson township.
Litzinger Mitchel, farmer, Allegheny twp.
McLaughlin Patrick, inn keeper, Cambria bor., 1st ward.
McGovern Thomas, miner East Taylor twp.
McCann James, brakeman, Conemaugh bor., 2d ward.
Nagle Michael, farmer, Dean twp.
Noel John C., merchant, Portage twp.
Plunkett Thomas, Jr., merchant, Tunnelhill bor.
Patterson S. D., farmer, Barr twp.
Reese John, laborer, Johnstown 2d ward.
Ricketts John, farmer, Reade twp.
Roberts Henry, mason, Cambria bor., 2d ward.
Robb Henry, laborer, Johnstown 1st ward.
Rager Jackson, farmer, Jackson twp.
Suppes George, gardner, Upper Yoder twp.
Stutzman Daniel, farmer, Croyle twp.
Swires James, farmer, Dean twp.
Shank Samuel, farmer, Adams township.
Shoemaker Thomas, Jr., farmer, Allegheny township.
Wentlroth Conrad, inn keeper, Wilmore bor.
Wetzell John, Jr., wagon maker, Carrolltown bor.
Wike Isaac, gent, Blacklick township.
Woleslagle Joseph, clerk, Wilmore borough.

Godey's Lady's Book

For April, opens seasonably with a charming frontispiece engraving of "Springtime." This plate is reproduced from a German painting of rare beauty by a new process of engraving which has been generally popularized by *Harper's* and the *Centuary Magazine*. Godey's has had notable success with its illustrations of late The fashions and work designs are among the most artistic in color and conception that are now presented to the patrons of periodical literature. With the present number, a new story of French society, entitled "A Coronet of Thorns," by J. V. Prichard, opens with considerable eclat. The clever study German-American life by William Miller Butler, called "In Her Own Right," comes to a happy conclusion in this issue, and there are several short stories of decided strength and originality. "Beaux Yeux" by F. O. H. is a sketch of a love episode in Carisbad, very prettily told, and "An April Fool" is a comical account of a women's discomfiture which ended happily in a sweet recompense. Cora Carlton's "Memoirs of a Piano" is a tender little bit of writing that adds considerable grace to the magazine. Max Vander Weyde's article this month is about the keeping of canaries and bears the taking title of "Echoes of Eden." A poem "Easter Bells" by Minerva Bond, some charming lines on "April" by Joseph Barnett Cowdin and "Sympathy" by Minnie MacArthur, help to make up a number of exceptional strength. Godey's is gaining ground every month and making new friends in every field

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED.

The following marriage licenses have been issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court since last week:

Levi J. Miller and Mary E. Walter, Richland township.

Charles W. Boring and Marta Alice Keith, Susquehanna township.

Fearfully Common.

Kidney Complaints Among Both Sexes and All Ages—Brilliant Recovery.

There is something startling in the rapid increase of kidney diseases among the American people within a few years past. Many causes peculiar to certain classes tend to produce and aggravate these troubles—as, for example, careless living, overwork and exposure. Dr. David Kennedy, of Rondout, N. Y., is often congratulated on the exceptional success of his medicine called "Favorite Remedy" in arresting and radically curing these most painful and dangerous disorders. Proofs of this, like the following, are constantly brought to his attention, and are published by him for the sake of thousands of other sufferers whom he desires to reach and benefit.—The letter, therefore, may be of vital importance to you or to some one whom you know. It is from one of the best known and popular druggists in the fine and growing city from which he writes, where those interested may find Mr. Crawford at his place of business on the corner of Main and Union Streets:

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., March 22, 1886.

Dr. David Kennedy, Rondout, N. Y.:

DEAR SIR:—For ten years I had been afflicted with kidney disease in its most acute form. What I suffered must be left to the imagination, for no one can appreciate it except those who have gone through it. I resorted to many physicians and to many different kinds of treatment, and spent a great deal of money, only to find myself older and worse than ever. I then that I used twenty-five bottles of a preparation widely advertised as a specific for this special sort of trouble, and found it entirely useless—at least in my case. Your "FAVORITE REMEDY"—I say it with a perfect recollection of all that was done for me besides—is the only thing that did me the slightest good, and I am happy to admit that it gave me permanent relief. I have recommended "FAVORITE REMEDY" to many people with kidney disease, and they all agree with me in saying that DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY has not its equal in the wide world for this distressing and often fatal complaint. Use this letter as you deem best for the benefit of others. Yours, &c., LYMAN CRAWFORD.

VIRGINIA FARMS Mild Climate. Cheap homes. Northern Colony. Send for circular. A. O. BLISS, Centerville, Va.

NEWSPAPER Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce Street, N. Y

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER.

To the Democracy of Cambria County: I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the nomination for the office of Register and Recorder at the ensuing Democratic Primary Election.

CELESTINE J. BLAIR.

Ebensburg, Pa., Feb. 26, 1886.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER.

To the Democracy of Cambria County: I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Register and Recorder, subject to the decision of the next Democratic Primary Election.

THOMAS HOOVER.

Cambria township, March 4, 1886.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER.

To the Democratic Voters of Cambria County: I hereby announce that I am a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Register and Recorder, to be made at your next Primary Election.

GEORGE C. MILLER.

Conemaugh Borough, March 12, 1886.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

JAMES M. WALTERS,
OF JOHNSTOWN,

Subject to the decision of the Democratic Primary Election. [March 19, 1886.]

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

HARRY G. ROSE,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.

Subject to the decision of Democratic Primaries, March 26, 1886.

FOR PROTHONOTARY.

H. A. SHOEMAKER,

Subject to the Democratic Primary Election. (Ebensburg, March 23, 1886.—t.e.)

FOR ASSEMBLY.

WILLIAM LINTON, of Summit,

Subject to decision of the Democratic Primaries, March 26, 1886.

STATEMENT OF SETTLEMENT with Supervisors of Blacklick Township for the year ending March 8, 1886:

PETER WAGNER, DR.

To am't of Duplicate	$253.58
CONTRA. CR.	
By am't work done on road	$244.06
By exonerations	2.44
By back tax	5.48
By services rendered by Supervisor	85.8⅓
By furnishing plank	2.40
	—291.98⅓
Balance due Peter Wagner	$57.81⅔

WM. D. RHODES, DR.

To am't of Duplicate	$292.90
CONTRA. CR.	
By work done on roads	$275.89
By back tax	5.00
By exonerations	1.20
By return tax to Commissioners	7.85
By services of Supervisor	32.90—$320.84
Balance due Wm. D. Rhodes	$32.74

The following orders were issued by the Auditors and remain unpaid:

No. 1. Emanuel Custer	$ 2.40
No. 2. George A. Mitchell	5.00
No. 3. G. G. Empfield	2.25
No. 4. J. T. Reese	2.45
No. 5. J. H. Hite	1.80
No. 6. S. S. Reed	2.25
Total	$17.15

WE, the Auditors of said township, do certify that we have examined the accounts of said township and found them to be correct to the best of our knowledge and belief.

G. G. EMPFIELD,
J. H. HITE,
J. T. REESE, } Auditors.

Attest:
S. L. Reed, Clerk.

EBENSBURG -NORMAL SCHOOL-

5-ANNUAL TERM-5

A Thorough, Practical and Progressive School for the Teachers of the County. Will open on

MONDAY, APRIL 26, 1886,

For a term of TEN WEEKS, in charge of County Superintendent Lewis Strayer and Prof. Thomas J. Itell, a graduate of the Indiana State Normal School.

SUPERIOR ADVANTAGES

Are offered to the teachers of the County to attend school at much less cost than at any other good school. Write for free circular giving full information to

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT,
P. O. Box 208, Ebensburg, Pa.

March 12, 1886.—6t.

ARGUMENT LIST.—List of causes set down for argument at the court to be held *Monday, April 5, 1886:*

Farabaugh	vs.	Bracken
Same	vs.	Same
Feiger	vs.	Horner
Shafer	vs.	Steckmon
McMillan & Waters	vs.	Shoemaker
Johnston's Executors	vs.	Trexler
Murray	vs.	Laflin & Rand Powder Co.
Duncan	vs.	Davis
Krause	vs.	Rex
Falvelli	vs.	Gerby
Same	vs.	Denny
Same	vs.	McKinley
Angus	vs.	Glenn
Varner	vs.	Varner

In the matter of the petition of David Louden.

In the matter of the Assessor and Supervisor of Lower Yoder Township.

In the matter of the petition of D. A. Luther, Ex-Sheriff.

In the matter of a Road in Clearfield Township, near land of Noel & McConnell heirs.

H. A. SHOEMAKER, Prothonotary.

Proth'y's Office, March 22, 1886.

ST. FRANCIS' COLLEGE,
LORETTO, PA.
IN CHARGE OF
FRANSISCAN BROTHERS.
Board and Tuition
for the Scholastic Year, $200.
March 26th, 1886. 1f.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN application will be made to the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania on *April 20, 1886,* for a charter for the Torrens Gas Company, for the purpose of mining for and producing natural gas in the townships of Penn, Plum and Patton, in Allegheny county, and supplying same in Pittsburgh, Allegheny, Wilkinsburg, Braddocks, Greensburg, McKeesport, Latrobe, Blairsville, Indiana and Johnstown, Pa., with the right of laying gas-pipes through Allegheny, Westmoreland, Indiana and Cambria counties, James

AGRICULTURAL NOTES.

Items Relating to Farm, Live Stock, Orchard, Garden and Lawn.

When the ground is frozen hard is a good time to break down the stalks. Rake up the trash and burn it. Have the fields as clean as possible. You will save time both in preparing the land and cultivating the crops.

It will not do to run a plough through an orchard, as the roots of the trees may be cut and hacked to pieces so greatly as to do injury. A light cultivator may be of service, however, as by its use weeds and rank grass may be kept down.

A hill of raspberry plants, after being trimmed in the spring, should only have three or four canes, about three and a-half feet high and nearly one inch in diameter at the base, each cane having a few side spurs about ten inches long.

If you have a good farm horse keep him. The difficulties in the way of securing a good horse cannot be realized until the animal is really required and attempts are made at purchasing. But few horses are exempt from defects of some kind.

Muddy barnyards will cause the milk to fall off. When cows are compelled to stand knee-deep in mud, with their bodies plastered over with it, dirt will find its way into the pail, while additional food will be necessary to supply that lost from cold and exposure.

Strawberry plants should be set out in early spring or in August, in both cases the object being to derive the advantages of the early and late rains. The plants should be set one foot apart, in rows three feet apart, and should not be allowed to fruit or run the first year.

Sickly looking plants may be taken out of their old pots, the roots washed, the weaker branches trimmed, and placed into as small pots as the roots can be placed into. Let such a plant remain there until by good growth it shows its healthy roots; then it may have more earth in a little larger pot.

The man who drugs his horse to make his hair sleek and shiny shows very little sense. The best means to keep the coat glossy is careful and daily grooming. This, with plenty of oats and water and an occasional bran mash, is all the horse needs when in health. The arsenic groom should be discharged.

The rule in pruning grape vines is to shorten the shoots in proportion to their strength. Summer pinching, properly performed, of the strong shoots should equalize the strength of the vine. As a general rule, excellent grapes can be had by almost any judicious system of pruning in any case is to get young shoots to push where they may be desired, or to add to the increased vigor of the shoot, which pruning supposes will follow the act, increasing size in the fruit it bears.

The horse is one of the most superbly perfect of Nature's works, viewed physically; and he occupies besides an exalted position among animals as to his intelligent and moral qualities. It is therefore most painful to see how, under the handling of intelligent (?) man, he is maltreated and even abused. He submits his neck to the yoke uncomplainingly; he accepts the iron plating of his feet, and he allows the galling check upon the movements of his head, and yet gives man his best services even to the death. The ignorant smith has his views as to what should be the shape of his feet; so he cuts and rasps, and forms them to suit himself. He has an idea, that the hoof is made on purpose for him to rasp and shoe, and exercise all the tools of his trade upon. So he makes a shoe and fits the hoof to it; he removes the naturally polished exterior, which by its tough elasticity defends the tender parts from injury, is nearly impervious to water, and permits a little evaporation of internal moisture, by which it is kept normally pliable and vitalized to the very surface. He rounds and smooths off the new surface; leaves it in a condition to allow the moisture of the hoof to pass off rapidly, and the hoof to dry and crack, and thus he recommends the application of tar and grease and lamp black, as if he were trying to render an old boot pliable and presentable. The greasing may be well enough—better than nothing—after the mischief is done. But why do sensible horse owners allow the evil which their peremptory orders, if not their mere remonstrances, would prevent?

Farm work in March is more dependent upon the weather and climate, says the *American Agriculturist*, than that of any other month, and although our southern readers will be well forwarded with their potato planting, and even have their spring grain sown, before the month comes in, whether it comes "like a lion," or "like a lamb," we of the frigid North may have still three feet of frost in the ground, and perhaps good sleighing up to twenty-fifth, north-easters lasting a week, spring floods, and roads which neither horses' feet nor wagon wheels can find bottom in, may be the order of the day. So hints about work must be taken with liberal allowance for the waywardness of this first spring and last winter month.—New seeds and new tools should not be lost sight of, and it will often pay to test the former in small quantities; then, if they do well, you will have some seed yourself, and may easily get more. We need not remind our readers to be beforehand with their work. Spring grains can hardly be in the ground too soon as there is reasonable warmth in the ground. Grass seed and clover may be sown with spring grain, and clover on winter grain is best sown upon one of the last light winter snows. The earlier manure is out upon grass and grain land, the better. Even when the manure is intended for a corn crop, and not to be plowed under until the first part of May, the growth of grass, will more than compensate the loss by the action of rains and drying winds, except upon hill sides and spots where the land is especially exposed to the washing by heavy rains. It is rare that the month passes without warm and dry weather sufficient to put the ground in condition for plowing throughout the great middle corn and small grain belt of the country.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

If you wish to Farm for Profit, READ
"HOW THE FARM PAYS," 412 pages, $2.50
If you wish to Garden for Profit, READ
"GARDENING FOR PROFIT," 300 pages, $1.50
If you wish to become a Florist, READ
"PRACTICAL FLORICULTURE," 300 pages, $1.50
All By PETER HENDERSON.

Any of the above books mailed free on receipt of the price. Our Catalogue for 1884, of 140 pages, containing descriptions and illustrations of the *newest, best,* and *rarest SEEDS* and *PLANTS,* will be mailed on receipt of 6 cts. in stamps to cover postage.

Peter Henderson & Co. 35 & 37 Cortlandt St., NEW YORK.

IMMUNITY from ANNOYANCE

"PEARL TOP" LAMP CHIMNEY

Made only of the fine hard metal-ity of Glass for withstanding heat.

Every good thing is Counterfeited, and consumers are CAUTIONED against IMITATIONS of these Chimneys made of VERY POOR GLASS. See that the exact labells is on each chimney as above. The Pearl Top is always clear and bright Glass.

Manufactured ONLY by
GEO. A. MACBETH & CO.
Pittsburgh Lead Glass Works.
FOR SALE BY DEALERS.

THE CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN

Has attained a standard of excellence which admits of no superior.

It contains every improvement that inventive genius, skill and money can produce.

OUR AIM IS TO EXCEL. EVERY ORGAN WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

These excellent Organs are celebrated for volume, quality of tone, quick response, variety of combination, artistic design, beauty in finish, perfect construction, making them the most attractive, ornamental and desirable organs for homes, schools, churches, lodges, societies, etc.

ESTABLISHED REPUTATION, UNEQUALED FACILITIES, SKILLED WORKMEN, BEST MATERIAL, COMBINED, MAKE THIS

THE POPULAR ORGAN

Instruction Books and Piano Stools.

Catalogues and Price Lists, on application, FREE.

The Chicago Cottage Organ Co.
Corner Randolph and Ann Streets,
CHICAGO, ILL.

The New York Sun.

The Best Newspaper in America, and by far the Most Readable.

Agents wanted everywhere to earn money in distributing the Sun's Premiums.

The most interesting and advantageous offers ever made by any Newspaper.

No Subscriber ignored or neglected. Something for all.

Beautiful and Substantial Premiums in Standard Gold and other Watches, Valuable Books, the Best Family Sewing Machine known to the trade, and an unequaled list of objects of real utility and instruction.

Rates, by Mail, Postpaid:

DAILY, per Year (without Sunday)	$6 00
DAILY, per Month (without Sunday)	50
SUNDAY, per Year	1 00
FOR EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR	7 00
WEEKLY, per Year	1 00

Address, THE SUN, New York City.

Illustrated American STOCK BOOK

A treatment of diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Swine, and over 50 other subjects. Over a Thousand sold in the West. No farmer can afford to be without it. Country PRESS says: "It is the best work of the kind we have seen." Price (cloth, $5; leather, $5.75. Sent prepaid. Agents Wanted. Exclusive Territory Given. Write for subscription & agency.
P. O. Box 830. 139 Nassau St., New York.

SELWYN HALL READING, PENN.

A thorough preparatory School for Boys. Conducted upon the Military plan. For circulars address Rev. L. C. BISHOP, Head Master, Reading, Pa.

FITS STOPPED FREE

Marvellous success. Insane Persons Restored. Dr. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER

Cure for Nerve Affection. Fits, Epilepsy, etc. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Patients. Send names, P. O. and express address of afflicted to DR. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Sold by Druggists. BEWARE OF IMITATING FRAUDS.

TUTT'S PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, Fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, Highly colored Urine, and CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer. They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25c. 44 Murray St., N.Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1. Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

THE NEW CORSET.

THE TRICORA RELIEF

Having elastic gores in gussets on sides of skirt, adapts itself to the various positions of the body in sitting & rising. It affords great relief and comfort to the many who find the ordinary corset oppressive. The "TRICORA" stays are unequaled for durability & comfort in support & are absolutely unbreakable.

Sample Pair mailed free for $1.00

Price $1.00
Ask for it

The most Durable, Comfortable, and Healthful Corset ever sold for its price.

Every pair warranted to give satisfaction or money returned.

J. G. FITZPATRICK & CO., Mfrs.
71 Leonard Street, NEW YORK.

Please mention this paper in ordering.

CLUBS

THE GREAT CHINA TEA CO

Give away as premiums to those forming clubs for the sale of their Teas and COFFEES, Jewelry, Gold and Toilet Sets, Silverware, Watches, etc. WHITE TEA SETS of 44 pcs. given with $10 and $13 orders. Decorated TEA SETS of 44 & 56 pieces with $12 and $15 orders. STEM-WINDING SWISS WATCHES with orders. GOLD BAND or ROSE Tea Sets of 44 pieces, or DINNER Sets of 112 pieces, with $20 orders. Send us your address and mention this paper; we will mail you our Club Book containing a complete Premium List. GREAT CHINA TEA CO.
210 STATE ST., BOSTON, MASS.

ANAKESIS.

PILES

"ANAKESIS" gives instant Relief, and is an infallible CURE for PILES. Sold by Druggists. "ANAKESIS" is sold by Druggists everywhere. Price $1.00 per box. Sent, postpaid, by mail. Samples free. DR. J. H. HANILTON & Co., No. 23 West 31st St., New York. Manufacturers of "ANAKESIS."

PENNYROYAL PILLS

"CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH."

The Original and Only Genuine.

Safe and reliable. Ladies, ask your Druggist for "Chichester's English," and take no other, or inclose 4c. (stamps) for particulars in letter by return mail. NAME PAPER. Chichester Chemical Co., 1818 Madison Square, Philada., Pa.

At Druggists. Trade supplied by Keller & Shoemaker, Philadelphia, Pa.

SALESMEN WANTED to canvass for the sale of Nursery Stock! Steady employment guaranteed! SALARY AND EXPENSES PAID. Apply at once, stating age. (Refer to this paper.)
CHASE BROTHERS, Rochester, N. Y.

—{CARDS.}—

THE FOLLOWING ADVERTISEMENTS REPRESENT GOODS AND RELIABLE FIRMS. PLEASE MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN ADDRESSING THEM.

1884 SAMPLE PACK OF 50 DIFFERENT STYLES OF CARDS, with your name neatly printed on each Pen Stock.

ILLUSTRATED TRUE AND PREMIUM LISTS With full instructions, sample cards, etc., sent free. We can make FORTY PER CENT. packing with each pack. Get two friends to send with 2c. and 1 will send you the goods presented with this 50 pack. Autograph Album free. O. PHELAN, Wallingford, Ct.

This is an old established Card House and they are noted for their beautiful and elegant cards.

YOUR NAME Finely Printed on 25 Fancy Cards, Gold, Silver, Chromo, Motto, Floral, Hidden Name, Remembrance and Lovely Floral Moss Cards, Scrap Pictures, etc., Ornamentally Inscribed Set, containing 500 Autograph Album Verses, one 25 years Autograph Album, and 1 beautiful Gold-filled Ring sent by mail, post-paid, for 11 two-cent stamps. Add. AGENTS' CARD FACTORY, Clintonville, Conn. We refer to the publisher of this paper as to our responsibility.

50 BEAUTIFUL GOLDEN BEAUTY CHROMO CARDS, with HIDDEN NAME, One ELEGANT STONE RING, one fine pocket knife, only 15 cents. NATIONAL CARD CO., S. Bridge, Conn.

YOUR name on 50 embossed scrap cards, popular song book, fortune teller, games, puzzles and new satisfies; all for 10c. Clinton & Co., No. Haven, Ct.

15 Hidden Name Cards, Ag'ts Sample Book and Pocket Memorandum or order book with your name in gold on cover, all for 10 cents. Elegant Card Works, Northford, Ct.

CARDS 50 SAMPLE Mixed Cards, Gilt Edges, Floral Ex., 2c. STAR CARD CO., Clintonville, Conn.

JUST THINK! 50 Fancy Chromo and Motto Cards, Auto Album Plays Scrap-Book, Agt's Outfit, New Samples & Presents, 1c. E. F. EATON, Northford, Conn.

50 CHROMO CARDS ALL HIDDEN NAME CARDS, with Name on, 10c. Sample Book, 25c. Crown Printing Co., Northford, Ct.

15 SCROLL CARDS, AUTOGRAPH ALBUM and New Samples for 2c. stamp. ROYAL CARD CO., Northford, Conn.

80 All Hidden Name Golden Beauties 10c. Ag'ts complete outfit 25c. Card Works, North Branford, Ct.

50 CHROMOS (no two alike) & 25 Hidden Name Beauties, and this 18k. Rolled Gold Ring sent agents sample, 2c. stamp. Agents Outfit, 10c. Star Card Co., Clintonville, Ct.

Add. A. T. POTTER, Northford, Conn.

FIRST PRIZE MEDAL
L. L. SMITH & CO.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

In order to make egg rolls take two cups of sweet milk, two eggs, one-fourth teaspoonful of salt, three and one-half cups sifted flour, one teaspoonful baking powder. Make in batter and bake in gem pans.

For fish cakes take one pound of canned salmon and turn it out of the can on a colander to drain, this done take two forks and shred the fish very fine, removing the skin and the bones, then add to this the same proportion of mashed potatoes, and a little pepper and salt, beat up one egg and add this to the mixture, make this into flat cakes and fry; send these to the table quite hot, suitable for eight persons.

Those who have once become accustomed to the daily bath will be loth to give it up. I never think we can commence a good habit too early; so I have always had my babies put into the bath from the time they were a fortnight old, says a lady correspondent. My last baby, however, proved an exception. For five weeks after his birth I was too ill to attend to these things myself, and the nurse was too ignorant or too idle. The consequence was, when I was able to take charge of the young gentleman myself, there had to be a battle. I had the water slightly warm, so as to cause no chill, and when baby was undressed I popped him straight in. The little man kicked and screamed for a minute or two, but soon ceased. For the next two or three mornings, there was a slight resistance, fainter every time; after that, the crying was performed when he had to be taken out of the bath; not when he was put in. A warm or torpid bath should be given every night until the child is three or four years of age; then a bath twice a week is quite sufficient. After cold bath the children should be well and briskly rubbed all over with a coarse towel; this is of great importance. If a child displays symptoms of weakness in the spine, indicated by general lassitude and an inclination to stoop, it is a good plan to put a handful of very coarse salt into a bowl of water, and sponge the little one's back and chest, with this when it is in the bath. No one, either old or young, should stay in cold water more than a minute or two at the outside.

Fortunes in Printer's Ink.

Don't expect an advertisement to bear fruit in one night.

You can't eat enough in a week to last a year, and you can't advertise on that plan either.

A thing worth doing is worth doing well. A thing worth advertising is woth advertising well.

The enterprising advertiser proves that he understands how to buy, because in advertising he knows how to sell.

If you can arouse curiosity by an advertisement, it is a great point gained. The fair sex don't hold all the curiosity in the world.

People who advertise only once in three months forget that most folks cannot remember anything longer than about seven days.

Quitting advertising in dull times is like tearing out a dam because the water is low. Either plan will prevent good times from coming.

A constant dropping will wear a rock. Keep dropping your advertisements on the public and they soon melt under it like rock salt.

Trying to do business without advertising is like winking at a pretty girl through a pair of green goggles. You know what you are doing, but nobody else does.

It is a mistaken notion that a fine store in an eligible location, surrounded by attractive signs, is a superior advertisement; for the experience of most enterprising merchants is that it pays better to spend less in rent and more in advertising.

Enterprising people are beginning to learn the value of advertising the year round. The persistency of those who are not intimidated by the cry of "dull times" but keep their names ever before the public, will surely place them on the right side in the end.

A man's sign offers a mute invitation to those only who pass his place of business; his circular can only reach those to whom personal attention is given; but his announcement in a newspaper goes into the highways and byways, finding customers and compelling them to consider his arguments.

Downright Cruelty.

To permit yourself and family to
"suffer!"
With sickness when it can be prevented
and cured so easily
With Hop Bitters!!!

Having experienced a great deal of
"Trouble!" from indigestion, so much so
that I came near loosing my
Life!
My trouble always comes after eating any
food—

However light
And digestible,

For two or three hours at a time I had to go through the most
Excruciating pains,
"And the only way I ever got"
"Relief!"
Was by throwing up all my stomach contained. No one can conceive the pains that I had to go through, until
"At last?"
I was taken! "So that for three weeks I lay in bed and
Could eat nothing!
My sufferings were so that I called two doctors to give me something that would stop the pain; their
Efforts were no good to me.
At last I heard a good deal
"About your Hop Bitters!
And determined to try them."
Got a bottle—in four hours I took the contents of
One!
Next day I was out of bed, and have not seen a
"Sick!"
Hour, from the same cause since.
I have recommended it to hundreds of others. You have no such
"Advocate as I am."—Geo. Kendall, Alston, Boston, Mass.

Columbus *Advocate*, Texas, April 21, '83. Dear Editor:—I have tried your Hop Bitters, and find they are good for any complaint. The best medicine I ever used in my family. H. TALENER.

☞Non genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name

The Price of High Living.

It may be doubted if the hungry man can fully appreciate the fact that the price of high living is death. Yet it is undoubtedly true that a greater number of people die annually in this country from high living than from starvation. Here is the poor man's field for speculation. The man who earns $1, $2.50, $5, or $10 per day may live in proportion to his income and enjoy life; but the millionaire cannot enjoy life in proportion to his income, and if he attempts to do so he finds death grinning in his path. Death lurks in the sparkling beverage from the "golden fields" of France, and ambuscades in the green fat of the aristocratic and expensive turtle.

How many high livers have dropped off within a year! Grant passed thro' storms of bullets and stood unmoved before the shrieking shell, to fall by Havana cigars and other luxuries, which had done their full work before he, too late, abjured them. Vanderbilt's life left him as suddenly as a champagne cork flies the bottle. Hendricks, Hancock and McClellan all died suddenly of appoplexy, and almost daily rich men in every city die from the effects of high living. Now Ex-President Arthur must eat big dinners, but is ordered to bed early and to sleep late. Watterson is just recovering from an almost fatal attack of high living. Schenk is subsisting on crackers and milk, and many another old "fast boy" is seeking to compromise on an equally low diet. Almost every day we hear of people in private stations dying from the effects of high living.

The wine bibber may recklessly declare that he would rather die with a full stomach than live with an empty one; but what mean all these instances of life prolonged for days and weeks by hypodermic injections? They mean that the fast "old boy's" stomach goes into a state of insubordination, and then the high liver ends his days in drawn out agony. Paralysis, appoplexy, heart disease, and horrible disorders kill the rich.

Hard work, plain, substantial food, and a few clothes, is the best that nature sems to have provided for man's happiness, and these should be within the reach of every deserving man.

Few printers die of high living.

Treatment of Young Colts.

Colts should be kept growing from the first, and taught to eat oats at an early age. When weaned at five or six months old the milk of a good Ayrshire cow for six months longer would give a colt a very good start. Besides this he should have a few quarts of oats daily, with plenty of good, sweet early-cut hay (clover, timothy or redtop), with an occasional feed of good straw. There should be rock salt accessible at all times, and good running or spring water, with an occasional feed of carrots. This treatment, with good warm quarters and plenty of room for exercise, without being too much exposed to the rigors of a northern winter, would give the breeder a yearling of which, providing his breeding was all right, he need not be ashamed, an animal worth much more than the average two-year-old, being both larger and finer. Oats are a most excellent food for colts, as they give muscle, size and style. An occasional feed of carrots in winter is almost essential to the animal's health. As a substitute for carrots boiled flaxseed is excellent; in lack of either, an occasional bran mash is almost indispensable, as the bowels require to be kept gently open. When the mare is worked or driven while suckling the colt, great care should be taken to prevent the colt from sucking while the mare is over-warm from exertion. The mare may be used, but should always be allowed to cool off fully before the colt is permitted to suck. The colt should be handled at a very early age, and taught while quite young that man is its master but at the same time its friend. The young colt that is taught to like and not to fear its master, and is well halterbroken, is much easier handled and cared for than one that is not. He should be taught to stand hitched by the halter, either in or out of the stable, when quite young.

The farmers of Washington county, this State, are forming township associations for the dissemination of knowledge in regard to wool growing, stock breeding, and other business pertaining to the occupation of farmers. Interesting topics will be discussed at their meetings.

Helpless Upon a Friendless Sea!

Who, in taking passage in a great trans-Atlantic steamer, does not feel a thrill of exultation over her magnificent power. Against her the Storm King may hurl his elemental forces, nor pierce her armor, nor stop her onward course.

But let me describe a scene when, one morning in mid-ocean, there came an alarm from the pilot house followed by a cry: "The ship's rudder is lost!" From the confident expression, consternation came to every face. The wheelman being helpless to direct her course, the vessel was at the mercy of wind and wave.

The captain had been negligent—the hangings of the rudder were allowed to wear weak, and suddenly it had dropped deep into the sea!

Strong in intellect, in physical vigor, in energy and ambition, can confronts, undaunted, gigantic [illegible] and commands applause for his [illegible]ficent excitements. But, all unk[illegible]r, an alarm come—the rudder of [illegible]stitution is gone. He has been careless [illegible] its preservation; mental strain, [illegible]us achievements, irregular habits, [illegible] work, have destroyed the action of his kidneys and liver. This would not occur were Warner's safe cure used to maintain vigor. And even now it may restore vitality to those organs and give back to the man that which will lead him to the haven of his ambition.—*The Traveler.*

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.

PATENTS

MUNN & CO., of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, continue to act as Solicitors for Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, for the United States, Canada, England, France, Germany, etc. Hand Book about Patents sent free. Thirty-seven years' experience. Patents obtained through MUNN & CO. are noticed in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, the largest, best, and most widely circulated scientific paper. $3.20 a year. Weekly. Splendid engravings and interesting information. Specimen copy of the Scientific American sent free. Address MUNN & CO., SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN Office, 261 Broadway, New York.

"Rough on Rats."

clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bedbugs.

Heart Pains.

Palpitation, dropsical swellings, dizziness, indigestion, headache, sleeplessness cured by Wells' Health Renewer.

"Rough on Corns."

Ask for Wells' "Rough on Corns." 15c. Quick complete cure. Hard or soft corns, warts, bunions.

"Buchu-Paiba."

Quick, complete cure, all kidney, bladder and urinary diseases, scalding, irritation, stone, gravel, catarrh of the bladder. $1, druggists.

Bed-Bugs, Flies.

Flies, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice, gophers, chipmunks, cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c.

Thin People.

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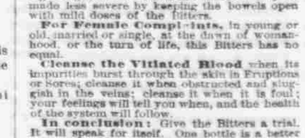

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